## About OutBack Power Technologies

OutBack Power Technologies is a leader in advanced energy conversion technology. OutBack products include true sine wave inverter/chargers, maximum power point tracking charge controllers, and system communication components, as well as circuit breakers, batteries, accessories, and assembled systems.

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900-0125-12-01 Rev A

# **MATE3s System Display and Controller**

Contents:	F
Contents:         Accessing the Main Menu	■ B C D E
<ul> <li>Battery Monitor Settings</li></ul>	<b>N</b> of
Profile Wizard	

# **Navigation Keys (buttons)**

Four navigation keys are located on the lower half of the MATE3s. They are protected by the front cover when it is in place. The navigation keys allow the user to move around within the menu structure. They also provide access to the *Main Menu* programming and the various components connected to the HUB.

- The **TOP** navigation key (**A**) returns the operator to the top of the *Main Menu* for the selected device. From the *Main Menu*, the TOP or LOCK keys return the operator to the Home screen.
- The LP navigation key (B) returns to the menu item on the previous screen that was used to access the current screen. It moves up, or back, one screen in the menu map for the selected device. See the MATE3s Menu Map.
- The LOCK navigation key (C) locks the access to prevent unauthorized changes to the system settings. It also provides 0 access to the Enter Password screen. (See page 2.)
- See page 6 for OPTICS RE monitoring with this key.



# Features

TOP Navigation Key B: ⊔P Navigation Key **C: LOCK Navigation Key** D: PORT Navigation Key E: Control Wheel : Center Button



**OTE:** This document assumes knowledge of features, functions, and operation other OutBack products. Consult appropriate literature as necessary.



The **PORT** navigation key (**D**) cycles through each device connected to a port on the HUB Communications Manager.

# **Menu Navigation**

# **Control Wheel**

The control wheel is a touch-sensitive navigation control with a center button. It is used to navigate through the advanced menu structure. It is also used to change set points once selected.

#### To navigate:

- 1. Use the control wheel **E** to scroll forward or backward (up or down) in the menu map. Tracing a clockwise circle scrolls down. A counterclockwise circle scrolls up. The present selection is highlighted black when scrolling.
- 2. When the desired menu item is highlighted, press the center button **F** to move forward into that screen. The screens below show an example of scrolling through the Settings menu. See the MATE3s Menu Map.



# Access to the Main Menu

Programming the system is done in the *Main Menu*. A password is required to access the *Main Menu* screen. This password is **141**. It is preprogrammed and cannot be changed.

#### To access the Main Menu, enter the password as follows:

- From the home screen **H**, press the LOCK key **C**. This brings up the *Enter Password* screen **I**. The default entry is **132**. 1.
- 2. Trace a clockwise circle on the control wheel E until the display shows 141 as shown in J.
- Press the center button **F** to accept the password. 3.
  - Access to menus can been restricted by an installer or OEM by setting an installer password. The installer password can be entered from I to allow full access.
  - Press the LIP key B to enter the installer password. The default installer password is **1732**. This password can be changed. See page 9.



## **Set Points**

A set point is a condition, measurement, or baseline that a user establishes in order for something else to happen (such as when to start or stop a generator). The MATE3 allows a user to view, monitor, and establish all the settings and values that occur while the system is running. Occasionally components may be added or upgraded, electrical loads increase, or patterns of usage may change. These settings and values can be adjusted to match.

On screens with set points, the control wheel E serves two functions: navigation and set point adjustment.

- Set points are adjustable settings for each specific menu item.
- Set points will vary depending on the system configuration.
- the setting, follow the instructions below.

#### To change set points:

- 1 selectable fields or items on the screen. A clockwise movement on the control wheel scrolls to the next field. A counterclockwise movement (L) scrolls to the previous field as shown in K.
- 2. shown in M. This shows it is in Adjust Set Point mode. The selectable field becomes an adjustable set point.
- 3. Use the control wheel **E** to change the set point value as shown in **N**.
- When the set point is correct, press the center button **F** again to return to *Field Select* mode. 4.
- 5. System Information menu and selecting a different System Type.



## **Ports**

If a screen shows a port number in the upper right corner, those settings only apply to that particular device. Other devices can be individually selected by using the PORT key **D**. Screens with no port designation, such as those shown on this page, are for system-wide changes.

• When a screen with set points is available, the present selection is identifiable by a black line around the item. To change

The black line around an item shows it is in *Field Select* mode. In this mode, the control wheel **E** can switch between all

When the desired item is selected, press the center button **F**. The box around the field should become solid black as

Repeat Steps 1-4 for each set point to be adjusted. The screens below show an example of scrolling through the

# Main Menu

All programming is accessed from the *Main Menu*, which includes the following:

- Settings (System, Inverter, Charge Controller, Battery Monitor, MATE3s) (see below)
- **Profile Wizard** (W) (see page 40)
- Device Data Logs (D) (see page 45) 0
- Event Logs (E) (see page 47)
- Firmware Updates (see page 48 and the MATE3s Overview Guide)

Each menu has a set of menu options. Each menu option has a set of menu items.

# **Recommended Programming Order**

It is recommended that programming proceed in the following order.

- 1) Establish Profile Wizard settings (W-4).
- 2) Save the Profile (as applicable in either **W-1**, **W-2**, or **W-3**).
- 3) Program the Profile (as applicable in either W-1, W-2, or W-3).
- 4) Program any other custom settings.
- 5) Save the System Configuration (S-2).

6) When restoring settings in the future, restore the System Configuration instead of the Profile Wizard. (See the Profile Wizard on page 40 for more information.)

# **Settings Menus**

Settings Menu	
System	>
Inverter	>
Charge Controller	>
Battery Monitor	>
MATE35	>

This menu accesses additional menus with settings for the system and for individual devices.

- System Settings (S) apply to overall system functions (date and time, communication options, etc.). See the System Settings section.
- Device Settings are used to program the system components (inverter, charge controller, battery monitor, MATE3s).
  - Inverter **Settings** (I) are described beginning on page 10. See the inverter literature for details about inverter functions.



## **IMPORTANT:**

- If multiple inverters are used in the installation, make certain to change settings as appropriate for each inverter on its assigned port. Changing settings for a single inverter in a multiple-inverter system may result in conflicts in operation.
- Charge controller Settings (C) are described beginning on page 18. For details about a FLEXmax or FLEXmax Extreme charge controller, see the controller literature. The MATE3s can monitor, but not program, an MX60 controller.
- Battery monitor Settings (B) for the FLEXnet DC are described beginning on page 22. For details about the FLEXnet DC, see the product literature.
- MATE3s function Settings (M) are for device functions with control logic based in the MATE3s (AGS, HBX, etc.) These are described beginning on page 24.

**NOTE**: Once the settings have been changed to match the configuration, they are stored in the static memory of the MATE3s. Once the configuration is established, save the data to an SD card. That way the configuration can be restored without having to repeat each setting individually. (See S-2.)

System	
Settings	(S)

The Main Menu selection for this screen is **Settings**, but the actual screen name is System Configuration.

- S-1. System Information
- S-2. Save/Restore Configuration
- S-3. OPTICSre
- S-4. Firmware Versions
- S-5. Serial Numbers
- S-6. Date and Time
- S-7. LCD Display
- S-8. Sound

## S-1. System Information

This screen contains a basic outline of the system. Many of these settings inform other system functions.

- Type\* either Off Grid. Grid Tied, or Backup
- Array Wattage\* • Allows for a PV array(s) with total wattage rating of 0 to 50 kW
- Generator kW Rating\* Allows for a generator with a rating of 0 to 250 kW
- Max Inverter kW\* Allows for an inverter system with total wattage rating of **0** to **72** kW

\*These items are used to format the Home screen layout or meter bars. See the MATE3s Overview Guide for more information on Home screens.

For example, charge controller setting menu items are labeled C-1. C-2. C-3. and so on.

Sustem Configuration	
Sustem Information	>>
Save / Restore Configuration	>>
OPTICSre	>>
Firmware Versions	>>
Serial Numbers	>>

- S-9. Ethernet Addresses
- S-10. Ethernet Ports S-11. Data Stream
- S-12. Battery Voltage Min/Max Reset
- Data Log

S-13. Clear Internal

- S-14. System Name
- S-15. Installer Information
- S-16. Installer Settings



- Nominal Voltage — Allows for a battery bank with a voltage of 12, 24, 36, 48, or 60 Vdc.
- Battery Ah Allows for a bank with a total amp-hour rating of 25 to 10,000 Ah
- Generator Type • Allows for an AC or DC generator, or None
- Max Charger kW\* Allows for a system with a total charger rating of **0** to **60** kW

System Configuration Save / Restore Configuration > Firmware Versions Serial Numbers

## S-2. Save/Restore Configuration

A configuration is the sum of all MATE3s settings for all devices. This menu allows for saving a configuration to an SD card after programming is complete. It can restore a lost or erased configuration from the SD card to the MATE3s. It can also copy a configuration from an SD card to an identical system.

**NOTE**: The Profile Wizard (see section **W** on page 40) has similar functions. However, it does not affect the entire system configuration and is not interchangeable with this function. See Recommended Programming Order.

## A. To save a configuration to an SD card:

Save System Configuration If other configurations have been saved on the SD card, CONFIG 3/07/15 14:51 a list will be displayed. Choose Option 1 or 2. **NOTE:** If the SD card is empty, pressing the Νου Save <Save> soft key will automatically default to Option 2. 1. Select a name on the list with the control wheel. Save System Configuration Press <Save> to save the new settings over the CONFIG.XML Saving to SD Card selected configurations. Saving to SD Card will be displayed. Proceed to 3. Press **<New>** to create a new configuration name. (8 characters maximum) Save System Configuration 2 New Configuration File B Use the control wheel to scroll through the • available characters. Delete → Save Use  $\langle \rightarrow \rangle$  or  $\langle \leftarrow \rangle$  to move to the desired character location. Save System Configuration B.XML Saving to SD Card Use <Delete> to erase characters when hiahliahted. Press <**Save**> to save the new configuration name. Saving to SD Card will be displayed. In either case: Save System Configuration 3 3. Wait for the confirmation screen to appear. B.XML Saved to SD Card After the screen appears, press < Continue> Continue to return to the *Main Menu*. **P** ( **A B.** To restore a configuration from uration 51 an SD card: 1 Restore

2

3

#### OR

- 2.

Restore	System Con	figuration
CONFIG	3/07/15	14:51
В	11/13/15	16:22
		Resto
Restore	System Con	figuration

CONFIG.XML Restoring from SD Card

Restore System C	onf	figu	rat	t i on
CONFIG.XML Restor	red	from	SD	Card
Continue				

Main Menu	
Settings	>>
Configuration Wizard	>>
Device Data Logs	>>
Event Logs	>>
Firmware Update	>>



Save / Restore Configuration Save System Configuration Restore Sustem Configuration

#### To save or update, select **Save Configuration** and follow the **A** steps. To restore from an SD card, select **Restore Configuration** and follow the **B** steps.

- 1. If other configurations have been saved on the SD card, a list will be displayed. Use the control wheel to select the name of the configuration that is to be restored.
- Press < Restore > to start the process. Wait 2. for the confirmation screen to appear.
- 3. After the screen appears, press **Continue**> to return to the Main Menu.

# **System Settings**





A (the default) is used when connecting to a router on an intranet.

#### DHCP — Enabled (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol enabled). This allows the MATE3s to be assigned the IP address, netmask, gateway, DNS-1 and DNS-2 numbers from a router.

Ethernet Addresses							
DHCP Disabled	IP Address	192.168.000.064					
	Netmask	255.255.255.000					
	Gateway	192.168.000.001					
	DNS-1	192.168.000.002					
	DNS-2	192.168.000.003					

**B** is used when connecting a computer directly to the MATE3s. connecting through a network switch, or connecting through the internet.

- DHCP Disabled (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol enabled). This allows the user to set the following parameters.
- IP Address 192.168.xxx.xxx \* (Default IP address is 192.168.0.64)
- Netmask 255.255.255.000 \*
- Gatewav 192.168.xxx.xx1 \* ٠
- DNS-1 192.168.xxx.xx2 \*
- DNS-2 192.168.xxx.xx3 \*

(\*this can vary by installation.)

Ethernet Ports 80 21 23 FTP Telnet

- *HTTP* Range **1** to **65535** (default 80)
- FTP Range 1 to 65535 (default 21)
- Telnet Range 1 to 65535 (default 23)

network administration and internet protocols. Due to the specific instructions will vary.

В

unique. It cannot be the same

See S-3 for a related screen.

# **System Settings**





Set User Access Level

Access Level III

• Set User Access Level (A) — This prevents unauthorized access to certain levels of menus when using the standard password 141 Change Installer Password (B) — This sets an alternate password which allows access to the full menus. Often this is used by

Challenge Installer Password (C) — (Optional) Any combination of characters up to 15 characters maximum. This name is

A



• Full — Access Level 1 (UAL1). This allows full access to all available menus. This is the same access permitted by the installer

 Advanced — Access Level 2 (UAL2). This allows access to many user menus. It also accesses the menus of UAL3 and UAL4. Basic — Access Level 3 (UAL3). This allows access to the designated basic user menus. It also accesses the menus of UAL4. • Minimum — Access Level 4 (UAL4). This allows access to only a few designated user menus. The ability to program is minimal



wait 5 seconds, then plug it back in. This will ensure the new installer password is saved.

# Inverter Settings (I)

Many of the inverter settings in this section apply to all classes of inverters. However, some inverters use different screens. In cases where screens are different or product-specific, the title indicates the inverter class.

- I-1. Search
- I-2. AC Input and Current Limit
- I-3a. Grid and Gen AC Input Mode and Limits (FXR/Radian-class)
- I-3b. Grid and Gen AC Input Voltage Limits (FX-class)
- I-4. AC Output
- I-5. Low Battery
- I-6. Battery Charger ○ I-7. Battery Equalize

## I-1. Search

This function can minimize inverter power draw when no loads are present.

- Name Adjusts the Search mode sensitivity while searching for loads. Setting this item to zero will disable Search mode.
- **Pulse Length** — Adjusts the duration of search pulses (in single AC cycles). Longer pulses will detect loads more quickly. This consumes more power

## I-2. AC Input and Current Limit

This menu controls the input current that the inverter can draw. It has independent settings for two AC sources. It is common for one source to be the utility grid and the other is an AC generator. The settings are labeled accordingly. (It also has an independent setting for the inverter's charger.)

**NOTE:** FX-class, FXR-class, and Radian-class inverters interact differently with multiple AC sources. Note also that several items in this menu are also controlled in the <Input Select> soft key menu. See the MATE3s Overview Guide.

Adjust these settings to the size of the input circuit breaker or conductor. This is for protection. If combined charging and loads exceed this setting, the inverter automatically reduces its charge rate. (The loads receive priority.) If the loads exceed the limit on their own, the charge reduces to zero. This setting may be assisted by the Input Support function, if present.

Beyond this point, the input breaker may trip. This is accompanied by a MATE3s event and the warning *Input Amps* > *Max*.

**NOTE:** If multiple parallel inverters are installed with a limited AC source, the combined amperage settings must be less than the AC input circuit. The MATE3s Profile Wizard can perform this calculation. (See page 40.)

- Input Type (FX-class and FXR-class only; A, C, D) The inverter has two choices for AC sources: Grid or Gen. It cannot use both at once, but it can be switched between them using an external selector switch. The user can select between defined parameters for each source. (See I-3. See page 42 for the effects of the Profile Wizard on this setting.)
- In FX-class grid-interactive models, this sets the charging format and other parameters. Gen prevents the inverter from selling power.
- Input Priority (Radian-class only; B) The inverter can be wired to two AC sources: Grid or Gen. It can accept either source but • cannot use both at once. However, it will accept one input as a default selection if both sources are active at the same time.
- Grid and Gen Input AC Limit Adjusts the inverter's draw to the size of the appropriate input circuit or source. (See page 42.)
- Charger AC Limit — Adjusts the draw of the inverter's charger. This setting can be limited to avoid accidentally overcharging the batteries. It should not exceed the maximum charge rate of the battery bank. (See page 42.)
- Charger Control (FXR-class and Radian-class only; A and B) Turns off the charger for an individual inverter and prevents it from responding to global charger commands.
- Input Support (FX-class only; C) Enables the Input Support function, if present. Not all FX-class inverters have this function (D). NOTE: Input Support is present in Radian- and FXR-class inverters, but is not selectable. It only works in Support mode. See I-3a.

#### **NOTE**: See the inverter literature for more information on any setting.

- I-12. Module Control
- O I-13. Calibrate
- I-14. Grid Interface Protection
- I-15. Model Select

## I-3a. Grid and Gen Input Mode and Limits (FXR-class and Radian-class)

The inverter will not connect to an AC source unless specific conditions are met. Each input selection has a menu to adjust the conditions. In the Radian, the Grid Input Mode and Limits menu applies to the input labeled GRID. Gen Input Mode and Limits affects the GEN input. In FXR inverters, either menu can apply depending on whether the sing Grid or Gen. See I-2.

○ I-16. Reset to

Factory Defaults

When the conditions are met, the inverter will accept

- Input Mode Sets this input to one of seven AC input modes (see list). Each mode has specific advantages for a particular application. (See page 42 for the effects of the Profile Wizard on this setting.)
- Voltage Limit Lower and Upper — Set the acceptable AC voltage. If the source is within this range, the inverter accepts it. If it exceeds this range, the inverter disconnects itself. It will return to inverting if that function is active.
- Transfer Delay — Sets the duration that the input AC voltage or frequency may exceed limits before disconnection. This may be preceded by a warning and may be followed by a Last AC Disconnect message. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide.)
- Connect Delay — Sets the designated delay period before the inverter begins accepting power from the source. This is intended to give a generator time to stabilize its output. It is not the same as the AGS warmup period (see page 25).

#### GridZero Mode

- DoD Amps Adjusts the maximum current (in AC amperes) at which GridZero mode draws power from the batteries.

#### Mini Grid Mode

- •
- (Connect) Delay Adjusts the delay period after reaching Connect to Grid before the inverter reconnects to the grid.

## **I-3b. Grid** and **Gen Input Voltage Limits** (FX-class only)

The inverter will not connect to an AC source unless specific conditions are met. When *Input Type* is set to *Grid* or *Gen* in the *AC Input and Current Limit* screen (I-2), these menus adjust the limits on acceptable source voltage. Frequency is not adjustable.

- Lower and Upper Voltage Limit Set the limits on the acceptable AC voltage. If the source is within the appropriate range, the inverter will accept it. If it exceeds this range, the inverter will disconnect itself. It will return to inverting if that function is active.
- **Transfer Delay** Sets the duration that the input AC voltage or frequency may exceed limits before the inverter • MATE3s Overview Guide.)
- **Connect Delay** Sets the designated delay period before the inverter begins accepting power from the source. This is intended to give a generator time to stabilize its output. It is not the same as the AGS warmup period (see page 25).





search pulses (in single AC cycles).

quickly. This consumes more power.

Shorter spacing will detect loads more

○ I-11. Grid-Tie Sell

○ I-8. Auxiliary Output / Relay

○ I-9. Inverter Stacking

○ I-10. Power Save Ranking



#### **NOTE:** Items **1-3a** and **1-3b** use the same location in the *Inverter* menu, but are used in different models.

gle	input	is	set to	accept
-----	-------	----	--------	--------

tl	ne	source	after	the	designa	ted c	lelay.

Gen AC Input Mode and Limits Input Mode Init Grid Port 1 Voltage Limit Lower 105 VAC Upper 140 VAC Transfer Delay 1.00 Seconds Connect Delau 0.2 Minutes Delay 10 Mins Connect to Grid 23.8 VDC

Grid AC Input Mode and Limits

Unit of the input mode and Limits Input Mode and Limits Voltage Limit Lower 108 VAC Upper 132 VAC Transfer Delay 1.00 Seconds Connect Delay 0.2 Minutes DoD Volts 24.0 VDC DoD Amps 6.0 Aac

#### **AC Input** Modes

- Generator
- Support
- Grid Tied
- UPS
- Backup
- Mini Grid
- GridZero

DoD Volts — Adjusts the lowest allowable battery discharge voltage. Loads will switch to grid power when this setting is reached.

Connect to Grid — Adjusts the battery voltage setting that causes the inverter to reconnect to the utility grid in Mini Grid mode.

Grid AC Input Voltage Limits Port Lower Voltage Limit 108 VAC Upper Voltage Limit 140 VAC Transfer Delay 6 Cycles

Gen AC Input Voltage Limits Port Lower Voltage Limit 108 VAC Upper Voltage Limit 140 VAC Transfer Delay 6 Cycles Connect Delay 0.5 minutes

disconnects itself. This may be preceded by a warning and may be followed by a Last AC Disconnect message. (See the

# **Inverter Settings**



## I-4. AC Output

This menu adjusts the output voltage while the inverter is inverting. When using an AC input source, this setting does not affect the inverter's output, or the source acceptance parameters.

AC Output	Deve
Output Voltage 120 VAC	Port
•	

• Output Voltage - Adjusts the voltage while inverting.

## I-5. Low Battery

While inverting, the inverter stops functioning if the battery voltage decreases below *Cut-Out Voltage* for five minutes. This is Low Battery Cut-Out (LBCO). It is accompanied by a MATE3s event and the error *Low Battery V*. See the MATE3s Overview Guide.

The inverter recovers from LBCO after rising (charging) to Cut-In Voltage for ten minutes. The error clears itself and the inverter automatically resumes functioning.



- Cut-Out Voltage - Sets the voltage at which the inverter enters LBCO. (See page 43.)
- Cut-In Voltage Sets the voltage at which the inverter recovers from LBCO.

#### Inverter AC Output Low Battery Battery Charger Battery Equalize Auxiliary Output

## **I-6. Battery Charger**

The inverter uses a "three-stage" battery charging cycle which utilizes multiple settings. This menu controls the voltages and timers for the charger.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

Charger settings must be correct for a given battery type. Follow all battery manufacturer recommendations. Incorrect settings may cause the batteries to be poorly charged.

Bat	tery Char	ger	
Absorb Voltage Float Voltage	29.2 VDC 26.8 VDC	Time Time	Port 1 1.0 1.0
Re-Float Voltage Re-Bulk Voltage	25.0 VDC 24.0 VDC		

- Absorb Voltage Adjusts the target voltage of Bulk and Absorption stages.
- (Absorb) and (Float) Time Adjust the • duration of each stage. These may be set for a certain run time, or to disable a stage, or remain in that stage continuously.
- ٠ Float Voltage — Adjusts the target voltage of Float stage.
- Re-Float Voltage Adjusts the point where Float stage is initiated.
- Re-Bulk Voltage Adjusts the point • where Bulk stage is initiated. (Radian-class and FXR-class only.)

## **I-7. Battery Equalize**

This menu controls the settings for equalization. This process is used for battery maintenance.

#### **CAUTION: Battery Damage**

- Do not equalize sealed batteries unless approved by the manufacturer. Some batteries may suffer severe damage.
- Follow all battery manufacturer ٠ recommendations for equalization.

	Batt	ery Equal	ize		
Equalize	Voltage	31.0 VDC	Time	Port 1.0	1

- Equalize Voltage Adjusts the voltage of the Equalization cycle.
- (Equalize) *Time* Adjusts the duration of Equalization once the voltage is reached.

Inverter	
Auxiliary Output	
Inverter Stacking	
Power Save Ranking	
Grid-Tie Sell	
Calibrate	

## **I-8. Auxiliary Output**

>> >> >> >>

The *Auxiliary Output* menu controls any inverter's Auxiliary (AUX) output. The AUX terminals provide 12 Vdc to control loads. Modes

1. Remote	5. Cool Fan	9. DC Divert
2. Load	<b>6</b> . Vent	10. AC
Shed	Fan	Divert
3. Gen	7. AC	11. Source
Alert	Drop	Status

4. Fault 8. GT Limits

NOTE: This is a list of all modes. Modes are not necessarily in this order, or present in all inverters.

1. Remote (all models) — The AUX can be used with commands external to the inverter. To prevent software conflicts. select Remote when using AGS or similar external functions.

Not depicted. This mode has no settable parameters.

2. Load Shed (all models) - This is load management based on battery voltage. The AUX activates when DC (battery) voltage passes a certain threshold (either low-voltage or high, depending on model). The AUX operates noncritical loads

Auxiliary Output Status Auto Off Port 1 Aux Mode Load Shed Enable Voltage 22.0 VDC Off Auto 0n

FXR- and Radian-class parameters:

- ON:Batt > (and Delay) High-voltage threshold and time before activation.
- OFF:Batt < (and Delay) -Low-voltage threshold and time before deactivation.

#### **FX-class parameters:**

 Enable Voltage — Low-voltage threshold before activation. The AUX deactivates three minutes after the Enable condition clears.

Inverter	
Auxiliary Output	>>
Auxiliary Relay	>>
Inverter Stacking	>>
Power Save Ranking	>>
Grid-Tie Sell	>>

## and Auxiliary Relay

Radian inverters have an additional *Auxiliary Relay*. This is a switched contact with no 12 Vdc output. It has a second set of independent programming options identical to *Auxiliary Output*. (See above.)

FXR-class AUX programming is identical to Radian-class except that FXR inverters have only **Auxiliary Output.** FX-class programming options are slightly different from the others.

- Status The AUX output status is controlled by the **<Off>**, **<Auto>**, and **<On>** soft keys.
- will appear. The modes and parameters are depicted below. The <Off>, <Auto>, and <On> soft keys are also depicted.

  - it displays Auto Off.

3. Gen Alert (all models) — This is a limited-functionality automated generator start. NOTE: It does not have the same functions as the Advanced Generator Start (AGS) function. (See page 25.)

Aux	ailiary	Output		
tatus Auto Off ux Mode <mark>Gen Al</mark> e	er t			Port 1
N: Voltage 22.	0 VDC	Delay	- 4	Minutes
FF: Voltage 28. Of	0 VDC	Delay Auto	9	Minutes On

- ON:Batt < (and Delav) Low-voltage threshold and time before activation.
- OFF:Batt > (and Delay) High-voltage threshold and time before deactivation.

4. Fault (all models) — This activates the AUX output when the inverter shuts down due to an error condition. It can operate a failure alarm.

Not depicted. This mode has no settable parameters.

5. Cool Fan (all models) — This activates the AUX output due to high inverter internal temperature. It deactivates due to cooler temperature. It can operate a small cooling fan.

Not depicted. This mode has no settable parameters.

6. Vent Fan (all models) — This activates the AUX output in response to high DC (battery) voltage. It can operate a small fan.

Auxiliary Output Status Auto Off Status Auto Off Aux Mode Vent Fan Enable Voltage 26.0 VDC Off Period 5 Minutes Off Auto

- Enable Voltage (FX-class) - Highvoltage threshold for activation. The activation lasts one minute.
- Off Period (FX-class) - The delay before the AUX can activate again.

7. AC Drop (FX-class) — The AUX activates when the inverter disconnects from an AC source. It can operate a disconnect alarm.

Not depicted. No settable parameters.

8. GT Limits (FXR-class and Radian-class) -The AUX activates as an alert that the grid does not meet grid-interactive parameters and the inverter has stopped selling. It can operate a disconnect alarm.

- Not depicted. No settable parameters.
- Sometimes called *IEEE*.



Aux Mode – Selects one of the available modes. (See the list to the left). If an Aux Mode has settable parameters, additional fields

<On> activates the AUX output immediately. It displays *Manual On* and remains continuously active until <Off> is selected.

<Auto> activates the AUX output according to the Aux Mode automatic criteria. When activated, it displays Auto On; otherwise

<Off> deactivates the AUX output. It displays Manual Off. Note that the AUX output may still activate from the settings of inverter or MATE3s functions such as AGS. (See page 25.) Remote mode should be used to prevent unwanted activations.



ON:Batt > (Radian- and FXR-class) or

OFF:Delay (Radian- and FXR-class) or

#### 9. DC Divert and

**10**. *AC Divert* (all models) — This diverts excess energy in response to high battery voltage. DC Divert allows current to flow to a dedicated DC load. AC Divert allows the inverter output to flow to a dedicated AC load.



#### FXR-class and Radian class parameters:

- ON:Batt > (and Delay) High-voltage threshold and time before activation.
- OFF:Batt < (and Delay) Low-voltage</p> threshold and time before deactivation.

FX-class parameters:

- Enable Voltage High-voltage threshold for the AUX to activate.
- OFF Delay The delay before the AUX can activate again.

11. Source Status (FXR- and Radian-class) -The AUX activates when the inverter accepts an AC source. It can operate an indicator to show that the source is present.

Not depicted. No settable parameters.

# **Inverter Settings**

	Inverter	
1	Inverter Stacking	>>
	Power Save Ranking	>>
	Grid-Tie Sell	>>
	Calibrate	>>
	Grid Interface Protection	>> )

## I-9. Inverter Stacking

This menu contains settings to coordinate, or "stack", multiple inverters. Stacking assigns an inverter to a particular phase or output. Any inverter connected to an OutBack HUB product must be designated as master or slave of some type. Stacking configurations and other details are discussed in the inverter literature.

The Change soft key enters a new series of screens. The inverter's output is disabled as shown below. This prevents phase shifting and other problems which can arise from inverters remaining active while their programming is changed.



make certain to observe the caution below when programming.

#### Inverters will now be enabled. Test output voltages and phasing before enabling AC output breakers. Contin

#### **CAUTION: Equipment Damage**

Ensure the inverter outputs are turned off, or disconnected, before programming. Failure to do so could result in damage to the equipment.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- All inverters connected to ports on the HUB Communications Manager must be assigned valid designations for stacking and Power Save Levels. If this is not done, the system may give any number of error messages or other symptoms.
- All stacked inverters must have the same firmware revision. If inverters are stacked with different firmware revisions, any inverter with a revision different from the master will not invert and will not connect to an AC source. The MATE3s will register an event and will display the following message:

An inverter firmware mismatch has been detected. Inverters X, Y, Z<sup>1</sup> are disabled. Visit www.outbackpower.com for current inverter firmware.

- Combining unstacked or incorrectly stacked inverters may cause similar problems.
- If more than one model series is stacked together, any inverter model belonging to a series different from the master will not invert and will not connect to an AC source. The MATE3s will register an event and will display the following message:

A model mismatch has been detected. Inverters are incompatible. Inverters X.Y.  $Z^1$  are disabled. Match all models before proceeding.

Stack modes are inverter-dependent. The list to the right shows all possible modes. Some are not available with all OutBack inverters.

- Stack Mode — Assigns the inverter to a specific priority and output (phase). This assignment must be made for every inverter that is connected to a HUB port. In a multiple-inverter system, one inverter must be assigned as master. The others are assigned to other phases or as slaves.
  - Master or 1-2phase Master The primary inverter for single-inverter systems, single-phase stacked systems, or split-phase systems. In models where this selection reads Master, it is also used for three-phase systems.
  - Slave A secondary inverter in a stacked system.
  - Classic Slave A secondary (L2) inverter, partly independent of the master.
  - OB Slave L1 A secondary (L1) inverter for single-phase (parallel) or split-phase multiple-inverter systems.
  - OB Slave L2 A secondary (L2) inverter for split-phase multiple-inverter systems.
  - L2 Phase Master The subphase master inverter for the L2 output in a split-phase system.
  - **B** Phase (C Phase) Master The subphase master inverters for the B or C outputs in a three-phase system.
  - 3p Master or 3phase Master The primary inverter for three-phase systems that include the selection **1-2ph** Master as shown above. The 3p Master is Phase A.
  - 3phase Classic B (C), or 3p OB Slave A (B/C) A secondary inverter for three-phase systems. Used in models where the phases are manually assigned.
  - 3phase Slave — A secondary inverter for three-phase systems. Used in older models for B and C phases where the phases are assigned based on the HUB port.

See the inverter literature for more information on these stacking modes.

## I-10. Power Save Ranking

Each inverter uses power while it remains on, even if it is not inverting or charging. Power Save can put slave inverters into Silent mode. This mode minimizes the idle consumption. The inverters will come on again when the loads require power.

Ромеr Save Ranking Port 1 Stack Mode Master Master Power Save Level

Power Save Rankin Stack Mode Slave Slave Power Save Level

Selecting Power Save Ranking will bring up one of the menus below. This depends on whether the inverter on that port has been set as a master (including subphase masters) or a slave. The inverters are given a "rank" or level number. This controls the order in which slaves activate (or return to Silent mode).

- Master Power Save Level Sets the rank of the master or subphase master. Any inverter ranked equal or less than the master will not enter Silent mode.
- Slave Power Save Level Sets the ranking of slave inverters. This rank controls the order in which slaves activate (or return to Silent mode). Lower rank numbers activate when lesser loads are applied. Higher ranks only activate when the load increases to a high level.

	Inverter Inverter Stacking Power Save Ranking Ontonic Sciller Calibrate Grid Interface Protection	>> >> >> >> >>
	I-11. Grid-Tie Sell	Grid-Tic Sell Port 1 Grid-Tie Fnahle J Sell Voltage 26.0 VDC Grid-Tie Window IEEE
	This menu sets basic includes the "grid-tie"	limits for Offset operation, which (grid-interactive) function.
	<ul> <li>Offset Enable (also of disables the inverter's This controls grid inte controls offset operati GridZero modes in approximation</li> </ul>	called <b>Grid-Tie Enable</b> *) — Enables or s Offset function by selecting <b>Y</b> or <b>N</b> . raction in applicable models. It also on in the <b>Support</b> , <b>Mini Grid</b> , and oplicable models.
	<b>NOTE</b> : If <i>Enable Au</i> set to <b>Y</b> (yes), <i>Offset</i> MATE3s and FLEXne manually turned off he	to Grid-Tie Control (see page 38) is Enable may be turned on according to t DC automatic criteria, even if it is ere. Offset Enable will switch to Y.
	<ul> <li>Sell Voltage — Sets including the grid-inte exceeded (usually fro sends the extra powe AC source. If the ene inverter can sell the p</li> </ul>	the operating point for offset operation, ractive function. When this point is m renewable charging), the inverter r to the loads. This offsets the use of the rgy exceeds the loads, a grid-interactive ower to the utility.
	<ul> <li>Grid-Tie Window* — before the grid-interace and frequency are with can sell power. Other (A message will appe selections are available each set point are list</li> </ul>	Sets the requirements for the utility grid ctive function can work. If the voltage hin designated ranges, the inverter rwise, this function will not operate. ar in the <b>Sell Status</b> screen.) Two le, <b>IEEE</b> and <b>user</b> . Specific settings for ed in the inverter literature.
	<ul> <li>The <i>IEEE</i> selection</li> <li><i>IEEE</i> is required by American models, i the requirements of</li> </ul>	has narrower settings than the <b>user</b> setting. most utilities in the United States. (For ts voltage and frequency criteria are preset to f UL1741 and IEEE 1547.)
	*Only used in GS8048 and	d grid-interactive FX-class inverters
9	Port 2	



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Inverters with higher-level settings will go into Silent mode sooner. The master must stay on and should have the lowest setting. The default is zero (0). Normally it should be left at zero (0).

See the inverter literature for more information on Power Save.

# **Inverter Settings**



## I-12. Module Control

(Radian-class only)



This item is used to disable either of a Radian-class inverter's internal power modules for testing. If one module fails or if troubleshooting is otherwise needed, the module selection can be performed manually.

The available options are *Auto*, *Left*, *Right*, and *Both*. The inverter can be directed to use a single, specified module (left or right), or it can turn on both modules simultaneously.

This procedure should be performed only if directed by OutBack Technical Support. It should not be performed on inverters that do not have two power modules.

## I-13. Calibrate

This menu allows adjustment of the inverter's internal voltmeters. Calibration can improve system performance. Multiple inverters can achieve voltage targets at the same time.

This image shows the readings taken by the inverter in Vac and Vdc. To the right of each value is the calibration setting which adjusts the reading.



The settable range will vary with inverter model. See the inverter literature for specific ranges.

• *Input Voltage* — Calibrates the AC voltage measurement made at the inverter's AC input (from an incoming AC source).

**NOTE**: Radian-class inverters have two *Input Voltage* settings due to the dual inputs.

- **Output Voltage** Calibrates the AC voltage measurement made at the inverter's AC output (from the inverter's own power, or from an incoming AC source).
- **Battery Voltage** Calibrates the DC voltage measurement made at the inverter's DC terminals.

## To calibrate the battery voltage reading:

- 1. Place an accurate DC voltmeter at the battery terminals (not the inverter terminals).
- 2. Operate the inverter at about half power, then adjust the **Battery Voltage** setting until the inverter's battery voltage matches the reading on the DC voltmeter.

The AC readings are calibrated similarly at the AC terminals.

## **IMPORTANT:**

/ @ \

Calibration does not change the actual output of the inverter, only the reading of that output.

## I-14. Grid Interface Protection

>> >> >> >>

Inverter

Grid Interface Protection

Model Select Reset to Factory Defaults

Grid-Tie Sell

Calibrate



 Stage 2 Voltage Trip

 Over Voltage Clearance Time
 0.16

 Over Voltage Trip
 144

 Vhder Voltage Clearance Time
 0.16

 Under Voltage Trip
 60



# (FXR-class and Radian-class with the exception of GS8048)

This menu contains sensitive inverter settings. Some settings relate to regional requirements or large system performance (*Operating Frequency*, *Multi-Phase Coordination*). However, most settings are related specifically to grid-interactive applications.

All settings are protected as they can noticeably affect inverter operation. The installer password needs to be initially set before this menu is visible. (See page 9.) None of these settings should be changed unless required by the utility company or another authority.

Each *Grid Interface Protection* item opens a separate screen with adjustable menu items.

- **Operating Frequency** This screen has a single item which selects the operating nominal frequency of the inverter. The options are 60 Hz or 50 Hz. The default setting depends on the model of inverter. Pressing **Change** on this screen leads to a warning screen before this setting can be changed.
- Stage 1 Voltage Trip and Stage 2 Voltage Trip Each of these screens has inverter disconnection settings. These are based on high and low AC voltage conditions (*Over* and *Under Voltage Trip*) and inverter response times for each condition (*Clearance Time*).
- *Frequency Trip* This screen has inverter disconnection settings. These are based on high and low AC frequency conditions (*Over* and *Under Frequency Trip*) and inverter response times for each condition (*Clearance Time*).
- Mains Loss This screen has a setting for inverter disconnection time (*Clearance Time*) following the loss of an AC source. It also has a *Reconnect Delay* setting after the source is introduced or restored.
- Multi-Phase Coordination (FXR-class only) This screen allows activation of Coordinated AC Connect/Disconnect. When this function is active, the AC source must deliver input (in the appropriate phase) to all inverters. If the master or subphase master inverters do not sense an acceptable AC source, the entire system will disconnect from the source.

The default state for this function is inactive. If **Coordinated AC Connect/Disconnect** is not active, a stacked inverter system attempts to remain connected to the AC source as long as the master remains connected, even if other inverters are disconnected. Disconnected inverters display a **Phase Loss** warning. (Subphase master inverters that are disconnected will return to inverting mode. Slave inverters will not.)

 Sell Current Limit — This screen has a single item. It controls the maximum amount of power sold in grid-interactive operation.

# **Grid Interface Protection**



# **Charge Controller Settings**

# Charge Controller Settings (C)

- Charger (C-1)
- **MPPT** (**C-2**) 0
- Temperature 0 Compensation (C-3)
- Battery Equalize (C-4)
- Grid-Tie Mode (C-5) 0
- Auxiliary Output (C-6) 0
- $\cap$ Restart Mode (C-7)
- Calibrate (C-8) 0
- Reset Charge Controller to Factory Defaults (C-9)

## IMPORTANT

Battery charger settings need to be correct for a given battery type. Always follow battery manufacturer recommendations. Making incorrect settings, or leaving them at factory default settings, may cause the batteries to be undercharged or overcharged.

## C-1. Charger



Settings Menu

>> >> >> >>

System Inverter Charge Controller

Battery Monitor MATE3s

The charge controller uses a "three-stage" charging cycle with multiple settings. This menu controls the charging voltages and timers. See the charge controller literature for an explanation of the cycle.

- Absorb Voltage — Adjusts the voltage of Bulk and Absorption stages. (See page 42 for the effects of the Profile Wizard.)
- (Absorb) Time Adjusts the duration of Absorption stage.
- Float Voltage Adjusts the voltage of Float stage. (See page 42.) ۰
- **Rebulk Voltage** Adjusts the point of low battery voltage that triggers a new Bulk stage after 90 seconds.
- Current Limit Adjusts the maximum charging amperage.
- Absorb End Amps Adjusts the "trickle" charge that will override Absorb Time and proceed to the Float stage. This should be set to just above the lowest absorption current. NOTE: if more than one controller is present, this item should be left at zero.

## **C-3. Temperature Compensation**



charge controller compensates for temperature changes by raising

or lowering its charging voltages. However, the sensitivity of other DC devices could require limits on this compensation. This menu can adjust the upper and lower limits of temperature compensation. See the charge controller Owner's Manual for an explanation of temperature compensation.

- Mode Selects between Wide, which allows full compensation, and Limited, which allows the manual limits controlled by the next two set points. (The charge controller Owner's Manual features this as an option under "RTS Compensation.")
- Limited: Lower and Upper Battery Voltage Adjust the lowest and highest allowed compensated voltage. (The Owner's Manual features these as an option under "RTS Compensation.") See page 42 for the effects of the Profile Wizard on both settings.

Charge Controller	
Charger	>>
MPPT	>>
Temperature Compensation	>>
Battery Equalize	>>
Grid Tie Mode	>> J



The charge controller uses a maximum power point tracking (MPPT) algorithm which controls the PV array to harvest maximum wattage. Although MPPT is automatic, this menu allows adjustment for special applications. See the charge controller literature for more details.

- MPPT Mode Selects between Auto (which allows • automatic MPPT) and U-Pick (which limits the MPPT to a specified voltage).
- U-Pick VOC Adjusts the MPPT limit as a percentage of the array's open-circuit voltage ( $V_{OC}$ ).
- Wakeup VOC Change VDC Adjusts the amount • of Voc increase for wakeup needed to leave Snooze mode and begin MPPT. (The charge controller manual uses the title "Wakeup Mode.")
- Wakeup VOC Change Time Adjusts the minimum duration of the array  $V_{OC}$  and amperage before leaving Snooze mode. (The voltage must be at least 0.3 Vdc above battery voltage; the current is controlled by Snooze Mode Amps.) (The charge controller manual uses the title "Wakeup Mode.")
- **Snooze Mode Amps** Adjusts the controller's required current level during the wakeup time.
- MPP Range Minimum and Maximum Adjust the lower and upper MPPT limit to narrow the focus of the process. *Minimum* options are half the array's V<sub>OC</sub>, or the full V<sub>OC</sub>. *Maximum* options are 80%, 85%, 90%, and 99% of the array's V<sub>OC</sub>.(The Owner's Manual uses the title "Mpp Range Limit %.")



## **C-4. Battery Equalize**

## **CAUTION: Battery Damage**

Do not equalize any sealed battery types (VRLA, AGM, Gel, or other) unless approved by the manufacturer. Some batteries may suffer severe damage from equalization. Contact the battery manufacturer for recommendations on equalization voltage, duration, schedule, and/or advisability. Always follow manufacturer recommendations for equalization.

This menu controls the settings for the equalization process, which is used for battery maintenance. See the charge controller Owner's Manual for an explanation of equalization.

- **Hours** — Adjusts the duration of the Equalization timer, once the voltage has been reached.

## C-5. Grid-Tie Mode

#### IMPORTANT / 🖑 🔪

Grid-Tie Mode requires a grid-interactive inverter (also known as grid-tied or grid-tie enabled). Not all inverters are grid-interactive. If the MATE3s is connected to a non-grid-interactive inverter, Grid-Tie Mode will not function if selected.

This menu allows the charge controller to work more effectively with any grid-interactive inverters present on the HUB. When enabled, this setting automatically raises the charge controller's Float voltage to equal its Absorption voltage. Since the inverter sells power to maintain its own Float. Absorption, or other settings (all normally lower than the controller), this mode makes it easier for the inverter to sell power.

**NOTE:** The charge controller's Float voltage returns to normal any time the inverter enters **PassThru** or **Silent** modes. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide for a list of inverter modes.)

## **C-6.** Auxiliary Output

This menu controls the output and functionality of the Auxiliary (AUX) output. Aux Mode Eloat These terminals provide a 12 Vdc output that can deliver up to 0.2 Adc to control external loads. Typical loads include signaling a generator to start, sending a fault alarm signal, or running a small fan to cool the inverter. See the charge controller Owner's Manual for more information.

- Status The Auxiliary Output status is controlled by the <Off>, <Auto>, and <On> soft keys.

  - it displays the Auto On; otherwise it displays Auto Off.
  - external option not based in the charge controller, such as AGS. (See page 25.)
- Aux Mode Selects one of nine functions. See the next page.



Battery Equalize Equalization Voltage 31.0 VDC Hours 1 Automatic Battery Equalization 0 Days (Auto Equalization off if days equal 0)

Grid-Tie Mode

Port 6

• Equalization Voltage — Adjusts the voltage of the Equalization cycle. • Automatic Battery Equalization — Establishes a schedule which begins a new cycle after a certain number of days. Setting to 0 disables the automatic schedule.

Enable Grid-Tie Mode

• N (No) disables Grid-Tie Mode. Y (Yes) enables Grid-Tie Mode. (See page 42 for the effects of the Profile Wizard on this setting.)

Auxiliary Output Status Ma Port 6

On > activates the AUX immediately. It displays Manual On and remains continuously active until <Off> is selected.

<Auto> activates the AUX by automatic criteria according to the Aux Mode selected. (See the next page.) When activated,

<Off> deactivates the Auxiliary Output and prevents any of the charge controller's automatic AUX options from working. When <Off> is selected, it will display Manual Off. Note that even if the AUX output is set to Off, it may still be activated by an

# **Charge Controller Settings**

	Charge Controller	
П	Grid Tie Mode	>>
	Auxiliary Output	>>
	Restart Mode	>>
	Calibrate	>>
	Reset to Factory Defaults	>>

<ul> <li>C-6 (Auxiliary Output, continued)</li> <li>Aux Modes</li> <li>Aux Mode includes nine functions with automatic criteria. They do not necessarily appear in the order shown here. Vent Fan appears first if the controller is set at factory default values; otherwise, it displays the last option selected. (AUX modes are described in the charge controller Owner's Manual.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><i>Night Light</i> uses the PV voltage as a light sensor. When it drops below a settable voltage, the AUX output activates. It remains active for a certain amount of time. It can operate lights or devices after dark.</li> <li><i>Active: High</i> or <i>Low</i> — <i>Active High</i> activates the output when conditions are met; <i>Active Low</i> deactivates the output when the same conditions are met but activates it the rest of the time.</li> </ul>	Auxiliary Output         Status Manual Off       Port 6         Aux Mode Infinements       Active Low       This setting allow         Threshold 20 VDC       ON Time 4 Hours       This setting allow         Hysteresis Time ON       Orf       Auto       On         • Threshold — The low-voltage setting that activates the output (following the Hysteresis Time).       MPP tracking, o       restarts of the sw process. A restarts of the sw process. A restarts of the output remains active.
<ul> <li>Vent Fan activates the AUX output in response to high DC (battery) voltage. It can operate a small fan. The output deactivates when the voltage drops below the set point.</li> <li>Enable Voltage — The high-voltage setting for activation.</li> <li>PV Trigger activates the AUX output due to high the PV voltage. This can operate an alarm to indicate a dangerously high V<sub>oc</sub>.</li> <li>Enable Voltage — The high-voltage setting for activation (if Active High).</li> <li>Hold Time — The delay after reaching Enable Voltage before AUX deactivation.</li> <li>Active: High or Low — Active High activates the output when the same conditions are met but activates it the rest of the time.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Diversion:Relay activates the AUX output upon reaching the target voltage for charging. See below.</li> <li>Diversion:Solid St activates the AUX output upon reaching the target voltage for charging. The output is pulse width modulated (PWM) for exact control. Both functions are used to control a diversion load.</li> <li>Active: High or Low — Active High activates the output when conditions are met; Active Low deactivates the output when the same conditions are met but activates it the rest of the time. (Not available in Diversion:Solid St.)</li> <li>Relative Voltage — Activates the output within a certain range of the target (Float, Absorb, etc.).</li> <li>Hysteresis — Adjusts the allowable voltage range for the AUX to continue after activation.</li> <li>Float activates the AUX output when the charge controller enters the Float stage. It can operate a "charged" indicator.</li> <li>Not depicted. No settable parameters.</li> </ul>	Auxiliary Output         Status Manual Off       Port 6         Auxiliary Output       Port 6         Auxiliary Output       Active Low         Base Mode Diversion Relety       Active Low         Relative Voltage 0.0 Hysteresis       0.2 V0C         Hold 0.1 Seconds       Delay 0 Seconds         Orf       Port 6         Auxiliary Output       Restart Mode -         Status Manual Off       Port 6         Auxiliary Output       Port 6         Status Manual Off       Port 6         Auxio Diversions Diversion Active Low       Not Eisends         NOTE: All items function identically       On         for both Diversion: Relay and Solid       0         St, except for Active: High or Low.       1 - Automa         every 90 mir       is in an MPP         Float, MPP1       2 - Automa         every 90 mir       is in any cha         every 90 mir       is in any cha
<ul> <li><i>Error Output</i> responds to "low battery" or "failure to charge" conditions. Low battery is defined by a set point. Failure to charge means the PV fails to exceed the battery voltage by 3 Vdc for 26 consecutive hours. This can operate an alarm for an array problem.</li> <li><i>Low Battery Voltage</i> <ul> <li>The low-voltage setting for deactivation.</li> <li><b>NOTE</b>: This option is "Active Low" only.</li> </ul> </li> <li><i>Remote</i> allows the AUX output to be activated by manual or automatic commands based in the MATE3s (such as AGS).</li> <li>Not depicted. No settable parameters.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Low Batt Disconnect activates the AUX output upon reaching low battery voltage. It can be used to disconnect non-critical loads.</li> <li>Disconnect — The low-voltage setting at which the output is activated after Disconnect Delay.</li> <li>Re-Connect — The setting at which the output is deactivated again after reaching Disconnect.</li> <li>Disconnect Delay — The time after reaching Disconnect before the output is activated.</li> <li>Status Manual Off Port 6 Hux Mode Disconnect &gt; 28.8 VDC Disconnect Delay 1 Seconnect Delay of Auto On</li> </ul>	C-9. Reset to Factory Defaults This screen allows the user to erase the settings fr the selected charge controller and start over with th values programmed at the factory. These values a listed in the charge controller <i>Owner's Manual</i> . Entering this screen brings up the query Reset Charge Controller to Factory Defaults? Reset Charge Controller to Factory Defaults ? Port 6 No Yes





## art Mode

ows the user to en continuous or occasional sweeping start means the idons the num power re-sweeps", or ng new power

r**t Mode** Port 6

- 0, 1, or 2

al sweep and then us MPP tracking.

omatic re-sweep minutes if controller IPPT mode (**MPPT PPT Bulk** etc).

omatic re-sweep minutes if controller charging mode.

Charge Controller	
Grid Tie Mode	>>
Auxiliary Output	>>
Restart Mode	>>
Calibrate	>>
Reset to Factory Defaults	>>

## C-8. Calibrate

This menu allows adjustment of the voltmeter. Calibration can improve system performance. Multiple controllers can achieve voltage targets at the same time.

One or more uncalibrated controllers may stop charging because they read the batteries as fully charged. This is shown on the FLEXmax 60 or 80 display as a mode called "EX-ABSORB." (See the FLEXmax literature for more information.)

	Cal ibrate	
Battery Voltage	28.8 VDC 0.0	Port 6

• **Battery Voltage** — Calibrates the DC voltage measurement made at the controller's battery terminals.

#### To calibrate the charge controller:

- 1. Place an accurate DC voltmeter at the battery terminals (not the controller terminals).
- 2. Operate the controller while delivering normal PV current, then adjust the *Battery Voltage* setting until the inverter's battery voltage matches the reading on the DC voltmeter.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Calibration does not change the actual voltage of the charge controller, only the reading of that voltage.

#### Use the soft keys to select No or Yes.

- If <No> is selected, the screen returns to the Charge Controller menu. No changes will be made to any settings.
- If <**Yes**> is selected, the controller's settings immediately change to the original factory values. The screen displays the message *Charge Controller Restored to Factory Defaults*. A <**Continue**> soft key will appear. Pressing this key returns the screen to the *Charge Controller* menu.



# **Battery Monitor Settings (B)**

- Battery Setup (B-1)
- Shunt Enable (B-2)
- FLEXnet Relay Mode (B-3)
- FLEXnet Relay Set Points (B-4)
- Reset to Factory Defaults (B-5)

## **B-1. Battery Setup**

This menu sets the parameters used by the FLEXnet DC battery monitor (FN-DC) to track battery status. (Many of the figures must be given by the battery manufacturer.)

These settings are "fully charged" parameters. When they are met, the Home screen SOC percentage indicator meter will alternate between light and dark text. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide.)

- Battery Amp-hours Identifies the total size of the battery bank in amp-hours.
- Charged Voltage This is the minimum voltage that the batteries must reach during the Bulk or Absorption stages for the FN-DC to consider the batteries fully charged.
- Charged Return Amps Sets the limit to which the current must "trickle down" or decrease before the batteries are considered charged.
- Time Sets the duration the Charged Voltage and Charged Return Amps must be maintained before the charging cycle is considered finished.
- Charge Factor — Adjusts the anticipated charging efficiency of the batteries. Because the batteries cannot be 100% efficient, the battery monitor discounts a certain percentage of the energy used to charge them. This provides a more realistic estimate of the amount of charge that has been restored.

See the FLEXnet DC literature for more information on recommended settings.

See page 42 for the effects of the Profile Wizard on several of these settings.

## **B-2. Shunt Enable**

This menu allows the user to turn on or off any of three shunts (current sensors) used by the battery monitor. These are designated as shunts A. B. and C. For more information on the use of each shunt, see the Owner's Manual for the FLEXnet DC.



• N (no) — Instructs the battery monitor to ignore the selected shunt.

**NOTE:** The MATE3s has certain additional functions that can be used with the FLEXnet DC. See **M-8** on page 38.



## **B-3. FLEXnet Relay Mode**

This menu allows the user to turn on or off an internal relay. The relay contacts are rated for 5 amps at 30 Vdc. (It provides no voltage of its own.) The relay can be used as a switch to turn other devices on or off. For more information. see the FLEXnet Relay Set Points menu and the FLEXnet DC literature.

- Status The Relay output status is controlled by the <Off>,<Auto>, and <On> soft keys.

  - relay output is set to **Off**>, it may still be activated by an external option such as AGS. (See page 25.)
- N.C. The relay will close with an audible click when this occurs.

## **B-4. FLEXnet Relay Set Points**

This menu allows the user to adjust the criteria used by the Auto selection in the FLEXnet Relay Mode menu. For more information on these criteria, see the FLEXnet DC literature.

**NOTE**: The following set points assume N.O. logic as described in **B-3**. If N.C. logic is used, all uses of the words "close" or "open" are reversed.

- Voltage: High The relay will close upon reaching a specified high voltage level following the appropriate delay.
- voltage level (following the appropriate delay; see below).
- percentage following the appropriate delay.
- level following the appropriate delay.

## **B-5. Reset to Factory Defaults**

This screen allows the user to erase the settings fro the selected charge controller and start over with the values programmed at the factory. These values a listed in the FLEXnet DC literature.

Entering this screen brings up the query Reset FLEXnet DC to Factory Defaults?

	Reset FLEXnet DC to Factory Defaults ?	
No		Yes





Shunt Enable

Shunt A Enable M Shunt B Enable N Shunt C Enable N

FLEXnet Relay Mode Status Off Invert Logi Off Auto

On> activates the relay immediately. Its contacts will remain continuously closed until <Off> is selected.

<Auto> activates the relay by automatic criteria, according to the option selected in Relay Set Points.

<Off> deactivates the relay and prevents any of the FLEXnet Relay Set Points options from working. Note that even if the

Invert Logic – Switches the relay's function from N.O. (a normally open state) to N.C. (a normally closed state). The selections are N (no) and Y (yes). Since the default condition is N.O., the N selection means it remains in this state. Selecting Y inverts the logic to

FLEXnet Relay Set Points						
Voltage: SOC: Delay:	High High High	28.0 0 1	Vdc ×	Гом Гом Гом	24.0 VDC % 1 Minutes	5

(Voltage) Low — After the relay was closed according to the High voltage set point, it will open again upon reaching a specified low

SOC: High - If voltage conditions are not met, the relay will close when the battery state of charge (SOC) increases to a specified

(SOC) Low - After the relay was closed according to the High SOC set point, it will open again upon reaching a specified low SOC

Delay: High — Sets the delay time before the relay closes due to a High set point. This applies to either the SOC or voltage settings. (Delay) Low — Sets the delay time before the relay opens due to a Low set point. This applies to either the SOC or voltage settings.

•	If <b><no< b=""><b>&gt;</b> is selected, the screen returns to the <b>Battery Monitor</b> menu. No changes will be made to any settings.</no<></b>					
•	If <b><yes< b="">&gt; is selected, the battery monitor's settings immediately change to the original factory values. The screen displays the message <i>FLEXnet DC Restored to Factory Defaults</i>. A <b><continue< b="">&gt; soft key will appear. Pressing this key returns the screen to the <i>Battery Monitor</i> menu.</continue<></b></yes<></b>					
	FLEXnet DC Restored to Factory Defaults					

# MATE3s Settings (M)

- Advanced Generator Start (AGS) (M-1)
- Data Logging (M-2) 0
- High Battery Transfer (M-3) 0
- Grid Use Time (M-4) 0
- Load Grid Transfer (M-5)
- Charge Controller Float Coordination (M-6) Ο
- Global Charger Output Control (M-7) 0
- $\cap$ FLEXnet DC Advanced Control (M-8)
- AC Coupled Control (M-9) 0
- FLEXtime Schedule (M-10) 0
- Automatic Daily Reboot (M-11) 0
- Reset to Factory Defaults (M-12) 0



## M-1. Advanced Generator Start (AGS)

Advanced Generator Start
<ul> <li>Data Logging</li> </ul>
High Battery Transfer
Grid Use Time
Load Grid Transfer

>> >> >> >> >>



#### **CAUTION: Equipment Damage**

This function can damage the generator or the batteries if either are not properly maintained. Be sure to follow all maintenance requirements for all the components in the system to prevent unnecessary and expensive damage.

## AGS Connections

The AGS mode can start a generator using the AUX connections on various items of OutBack equipment. Some AUX connections deliver a 12-volt output while others are "dry" contacts with no voltage. Different generators may require either. It is more common for the start circuit on a two-wire-start generator to use dry contacts. Radian-class inverters and the FLEXnet DC Battery Monitor include dry contacts on their AUX Relay connection.

In the FXR-class or FX-class inverters, the AUX output delivers a 12-volt signal. This output can be used to drive the OBR-16-DIN (or a similar relay) which is equipped with dry-contact connections.

If using a generator with a three-wire-start circuit, a three-wire to two-wire conversion kit may be needed to use OutBack AUX connections. Atkinson Electronics (http://atkinsonelectronics.com) is one company which makes these kits. The Atkinson GSM-Mini is intended to work with OutBack inverters.

See the OutBack product literature for more information on wiring these devices.

## **AGS** Operation

AGS starts the generator when any of its Start conditions are met and stops the generator when any of its Stop conditions are met. A Quiet Time schedule overrides most Start conditions to keep the generator from running at inappropriate hours. See page 31 for a list of conditions that will stop the generator.

To identify that the generator has started, the MATE3s uses the *Input Status* message located in the AC INPUT hot key screen. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide). If this item does not change to **Use**, the MATE3s will display an AGS Fault message. See Fault Time and related topics throughout section M-1.

NOTE: AGS is intended to take control of the AUX output of OutBack inverters and charge controllers. For this function to work correctly, these products must be set to **Remote**. (See pages 12 and 20.)

**NOTE:** Gen Alert is another way to automatically start a generator, but it does not offer the same range of programming options as AGS. AGS is a function of the MATE3s while Gen Alert is a function of the inverter, which is programmed using the MATE3s. Information on the **Gen Alert** function can be found on page 13 and in the inverter Operator's Manual.

## **IMPORTANT:**

- It is important not to confuse AGS with Gen Alert. These are two separate methods for requesting a generator to start. Gen Alert set points should not be used as AGS set points.
- The AC generator must connect to the inverter's **GEN** terminal input when using **AGS**. If the input priority is set to GRID and the GRID terminals are energized, an automatically controlled generator will shut down.
- AGS turns on the inverter's charger even if it had previously been manually disabled.

## **AGS** Topics

These menus show the different topics, settings, and starting conditions for AGS. AGS screens and topics included under M-1:

•

•

•

•

- AGS Setup (this page) ٠
- Voltage Start (page 26)
- Load Start (page 26)
- State-of-Charge Start (page 27)
- Must Run Schedule (page 27)
- Quiet Time Schedule (page 28)
- AGS Setup

These items provide the basic operating parameters for AGS. Many of these settings are required for any sort of AGS operation. They should be adjusted before selecting starting criteria such as voltage or load start.

- AGS Enabled either enables (Y) or disables (N) AGS operation.
- **Port** — designates a port on a HUB communications manager. This port becomes the recipient of AGS commands.

  - If only one device is present and the HUB communications manager is not used, the *Port* for that device is designated zero (0).
- Fault Time the period the generator is given for connection to the inverter system after the AUX output has been activated. If the generator fails to connect, the MATE3s displays an AGS Fault message on the GET hot key screen. A fault is added to the event log. The EVENT LED indicator will illuminate. This period can be anywhere from 5 to 30 minutes.
- Control (Radian-class only) selects which AUX terminals are used for AGS. In a Radian inverter, either the AUX Output or AUX Relay terminals may be used.
- Warmup Time adjusts the time (in minutes) the generator is allowed to run with no load (before charging begins). This time can be from 0 to 30 minutes, but should follow the generator manufacturer's recommendations.
- AC Input Reconnect Delay adjusts the time (in minutes) before the inverter is allowed to reconnect to the generator. This prevents accidental reconnection if the generator has a long automatic cool-down.
- Cool Down Time adjusts the time (in minutes) the generator will run with no load before being shut off (after charging has finished). This time can be from 0 to 30 minutes, but should follow the generator manufacturer's recommendations.
- **DC** Generator designates that a DC generator is in use instead of an AC generator. When this item is set to Y, the automatic stop settings designated on the following pages do not apply. Instead, the following items apply.
  - DC Absorb Time is the amount of time that the batteries must remain at the DC Absorb Voltage. Once this time expires, the MATE3s shuts the generator off.
  - DC Absorb Voltage is the voltage the batteries must reach while being charged by a DC generator.
  - The Stop SOC % setting (see page 27) can also be used to stop a DC generator.

#### NOTES

- \$
- If an AC generator is in use, this menu must be set to N.
- See page 43 for the effects of the Profile Wizard on this setting.

 Generator Exercise Schedule (page 28) Set Total Generator Run Time (page 29) AGS Timers (page 29) AGS Functional Test (page 30) AGS Troubleshooting (page 30) Start and Stop Reasons (page 31)



AGS Setup				
AGS Enabled 🛛 Port 1 Control AUX Relay				
Warmup Time 0 Cool Down Time 0 mins				
AC Input Reconnect Delay 3 mins				
Fault Time 23 mins DC Generator N				
DC Absorb Time 0.1 hours Voltage 38.0				

Select a specific inverter or other device for generator control. Set **Port** to the HUB port number (1 through 10) for that device.

These settings are only effective when **DC Generator** is set to **Y**. This item also disables **Cool Down** and **Warmup** settings.

Advanced Generator Start	
Setup	>>
Voltage Start	>>
Load Start	>>
State of Charge Start	>>
Must Run Schedule	_>> )

## M-1. AGS continued

## Voltage Start

Three starting voltages are available. These are low-voltage set points which are linked to times of 24 hours. 2 hours, and 2 minutes.

Voltage Start Enable N Enable N Enable N Voltage 24.4 Voltage 23.6 Voltage 22.0 24 Hr Start 2 Hour Start 2 Minute Start

These times indicate how long the batteries should be left at a particular low voltage before starting the generator for recharge.

- If the battery voltage drops below any of these set points, that timer starts counting down.
- If the voltage is above the set point, the timer counts up again.
- When any timer reaches zero (0), a start command is sent to the generator.
- The timers automatically reset to maximum when AGS stops the generator, or upon an AGS fault.
- See page 29 to view these timers.

After a generator runs due to **Voltage Start**, it will be stopped when the inverter completes the battery charging cycle.

- 24 Hour Start Enable enables (Y) or disables (N) the 24-hour timer. Voltage should be set for a mild discharge. The range varies with battery voltage.
- **2** Hour Start Enable enables (Y) or disables (N) the 2-hour timer. Voltage should be set for a major discharge. The range varies with battery voltage.
- 2 Minute Start Enable enables (Y) or disables (N) the 2-minute timer. Voltage should be set for a critical battery discharge and an emergency generator start. The range varies with battery voltage.

NOTE: The Quiet Time settings overrides the settings and prevents an automatic start. The exception is 2 Minute Start. As an emergency set point, it will start the generator regardless of Quiet Time settings.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

If DC Generator is set to Y, the generator will only stop after reaching the DC generator parameters shown on page 25.

## Load Start

The generator can start whenever the system AC load exceeds the Start wattage for the programmed **Delay** time. The generator is stopped when the AC load drops below a **Stop** set point for the Delay time.

		Load	Start
Enabled Start Stop	0 kW 0 kW	Delay	1 minutes

- Enabled either enables (Y) or disables (N) the Load Start function.
- Start the load size (0 to 50 kW) which requires the generator to start following the Delay time (1 to 240 minutes).
- Stop the lower load setting (0 to 49 kW) which ends the generator operation following the Delay time (1 to 240 minutes).



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- Large, instantaneous loads can still overload the inverter if the generator does not start in time.
- When the generator is running because of *Load Start*, the inverter will charge the batteries. \$ However, it is not programmed to perform a complete charge cycle. If the generator reaches its Stop point, the charge might not be completed.

## State-of-Charge (SOC) Start

Occasionally it is not effective for the generator to start on the basis of voltage. AGS can operate the generator based on battery SOC information from the FLEXnet DC battery monitor (FN-DC).

- this function.
- displayed on the Home screen. See the MATE3s Overview Guide.)

NOTE: In some cases the charger may not easily reach a setting of 100% SOC. It is recommended to set Stop SOC no higher than 98%.

If Stop SOC is not desirable, AGS can stop the generator by another means.

- Interval the days (1 to 30) before Enable Full Charge is used.

The MATE3s will perform **Start SOC** as normal. The MATE3s compares the **Interval** period against the Days Since Parms Met display. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide.) If Days Since Parms Met is equal or higher, then the generator will run until the FLEXnet DC's charge parameters are met, regardless of the SOC value. (See page 31 for more information.)

After the cycle is over, the SOC is automatically reset to 100% when the batteries begin to discharge for one minute.

Setting *Enable Full Charge* to *N* or setting the *Interval* to zero (0) days will disable the function.

#### Must Run Schedule •

This is a period of time when the generator is commanded to run regardless of other conditions. This is usually set because large loads are expected to be present. Must Run Schedule times can be set individually for weekdays and weekends.

- Enable either enables (Y) or disables (N) the Must Run function.
- Weekday Start the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Monday through Friday) when the generator must start.
- Weekend Start the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Saturday and Sunday) when the generator must start.

The *Must Run Schedule* is disabled when *Start* and *Stop* are set to the same time, or if *Enable* is set to *N*.

State of Charge Start Enable 🕅 Stort SOC 60 % Stop SOC 90 % Enable Full Charge N Interval 14 days

**Example** — **Y** (Yes) causes the MATE3s to start and stop the generator based on the items below. **N** (no) disables

Start SOC — When the FN-DC shows an SOC below this setting (0 to 99%), the generator starts. (The SOC value is

Stop SOC — When the FN-DC shows that the SOC has exceeded this setting (0 to 100%), the generator stops.

• Enable Full Charge — When set to Y (yes), the MATE3s completes a full charging cycle regardless of Stop SOC.

Must Run Schedule Enable 🛛 Weekday Start 0:00 Stop 0:00 Weekend Start 0:00 Stop 0:00

Weekday Stop — the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Monday through Friday) when the generator must stop after Weekday Start.

Weekend Stop — the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Saturday and Sunday) when the generator must stop after Weekend Start.

	Advanced Generator Start			
	Must Run Schedule	>>		
	Quiet Time Schedule			
Π.	Generator Exercise Schedule			
	Set Total Generator Run time	>>		
	Display AGS Timers	>>		

## M-1. AGS continued

## Quiet Time Schedule

This is a period of time when the generator is commanded not to run regardless of other conditions. Quiet Time is usually set due to the risk of inappropriate noise or other reasons. Quiet Time can be set individually for weekdays and weekends.



The Quiet Time function is disabled when Start and Stop are set to the same time, or if Enable is set to N.

- Enable either enables (Y) or disables (N) the Quiet Time function.
- Weekday Start the beginning time (00:00 to 23:59, Monday through Friday) when the generator is not allowed to start.
- Weekday Stop the ending time (00:00 to 23:59, Monday through Friday) after which the generator is allowed to start.
- Weekend Start the beginning time (00:00 to 23:59, Saturday and Sunday) when the generator is not allowed to start.
- Weekend Stop the ending time (00:00 to 23:59, Saturday and Sunday) after which the generator is allowed to start.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Quiet Time overrides most of the starting set points (Voltage, Load, Must Run, Exercise etc.), preventing the generator from starting automatically. The only exception is 2 Minute Start. which is considered an "emergency" start set point and which will start the generator regardless of Quiet Time settings.

## Generator Exercise Schedule

#### Generator Exercise Schedule

Enable 🕅 Exercise Run on Sun Start Time 0:00 Run Period 15 minutes Exercise Interval 2 weeks Disable Sell During Exercise N

This is a period of time when the generator is scheduled to run briefly regardless of other conditions. The exercise function can operate once a week or every few weeks.

- **Enable** either enables (**Y**) or disables (**N**) the **Exercise** function.
- Exercise Run on the day of the week (Mon to Sun) when Generator Exercise is scheduled.
- Start Time the time (00:00 to 23:59) at which the generator starts.
- Run Period the duration (1 to 240 minutes) of the exercise period.
- **Exercise Interval** the number of weeks (**0** to **8**) that will pass between exercise periods.
- Disable Sell During Exercise either prohibits (Y) or permits (N) a grid-interactive model from selling power during the exercise period. This is mostly applicable to DC generators.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Regularly running a generator keeps engine components lubricated, expels excess moisture, charges the starting battery, and helps prevent carbon build-up. Consult the generator owner's manual for the appropriate length and frequency of exercise periods and what load to run during the exercise period.

## Set Generator Total Run Time

The total running time for an automatic generator is displayed on the Generator Status screen, which is accessed with the Gen hot key. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide.) If the existing total is inaccurate in some way, it may need to be corrected or reset. This menu allows the timer to be set to a different figure. It can also be reset to zero.

□ Generator Total Run Time – 0.0 to 999.9 hours

## AGS Timers

This is a read-only screen that displays times and values for the MATE3s functions described on the preceding pages. Programming of these values is done in the Quiet Time Schedule. Voltage Start. Load Start. Must Run Schedule, or State of Charge Start menus described on the previous page.

- (See page 47).
- Warmup, Cooldown, and Exercise begin counting from zero when each stage begins. The generator will react accordingly when their respective times are reached according to the AGS Setup screen on page 25.
- each setting. If any of these timers reach zero, the generator will be started.
- stopped as appropriate.
- Voltage is reached. The generator will be stopped when the DC Absorb Time setting is reached.

Set Total Generator Run Time Generator Total Run Time 0.0 hours Reset

AGS Timers					
F14	17	2 4/-	les)	•	
Fault	67	2 MIN	Z LOAD START	0	
Warmup	0	2 Hour	120 Load Stop	0	
Cooldown	0	24 Hour	1440 DC Absorb	0	
Exercise	0				

- Fault begins counting from zero when no voltage is detected after a generator start. When the Fault Time setting is reached according to the AGS Setup screen on page 25, an AGS fault will be generated. An event will also be recorded.

2 Min, 2 Hour, and 24 Hour begin counting down from the maximum time when the respective conditions are reached for

Load Start and Load Stop begin counting from zero when the respective conditions are reached for each setting. If either of these timers reach the delay time as set in the Load Start screen on page 28, the generator will be started or

**DC** Absorb is used with the DC generator settings shown on page 25. It begins counting from zero when the **DC** Absorb

	MATE3s	
	Advanced Generator Start	>>
	Data Logging	>>
н.	High Battery Transfer	>>
н.	Grid Use Time	>>
	Load Grid Transfer	>>

## M-1. AGS continued

## AGS Functional Test

Before any further programming, confirm that the generator is working properly. Using the generator's own controls, manually turn it on and then shut it off.

Next, test the remote start functionality. Go to the *Generator Status* screen using the GET hot key.

#### To test the AGS function through the MATE3s:

- 1. Press the GEN hot key to bring up the Generator Status screen.
- 2. Press the **<ON**> soft key and wait for the generator to start running.
- 3. Press the **OFF**> soft key to shut the generator off.
- 4. Press the **AUTO**> soft key to put the generator in **AUTO** mode. (Automatic functions need to be tested separately.)
- 5. Press the **BACK**> soft key to return to the **Home** screen

## AGS Troubleshooting

If the generator fails to start or connect, there are many possible reasons. The steps below provide initial guidance for troubleshooting.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Remedy					
AGS sends a command but the generator does not start.	Open circuit between AUX connection and generator.	Ensure the generator will start using its own controls. Ensure it will start using the <b><on></on></b> soft key in the <b>GEI</b> hot key screen. Check all conductors, including external relays, contactors, or other devices.					
AGS starts the generator	Generator output is not reaching inverter input.	Check all circuit breakers and switches. Measure AC voltage at inverter input terminals.					
but <b>AGS Fault</b> appears anyway.	Generator output does not meet inverter requirements.	Check generator voltage and frequency. To clear an AGS fault, go to the <b>GE</b> hot key screen. Press the <b>OFF</b> > soft key.					
	AGS is not enabled.	Check <i>Mode</i> in the <b>GE</b> hot key screen. Ensure <i>AGS Enabled</i> is set to <i>Y</i> . (See page 25.)					
AGS does not send a start command under expected conditions.	The AGS timers have not been activated by the present conditions.	Check to make sure at least one AGS timer is active. (See page 29.) If the timers are not active, check the AGS settings. Compare all settings against the Start and Stop Reasons table. (See page 31.)					
	A Stop condition is active. This could include Quiet Time.	Compare all settings against the Start and Stop Reasons table. (See page 31.)					

## Start and Stop Reasons

After AGS has started the generator, the GED hot key screen shows the reason for starting under *Last Run*. The first two columns in the table below are a list of start reasons.

The remaining columns display the possible reasons for the generator to stop. The possible stop reasons are connected to the start reasons. For example, a generator which started due to Load kW can stop due to reduction of load kilowatts, due to Quiet Time, or manually. However, it will not stop due to battery state of charge (SOC) or any of the other reasons.

					STO	P REAS	ONS				
		Inverter in Float or Silent	Stop SOC %	Stop at 100% SOC	FN-DC Charge Parms Met	Below Load kW	Quiet Time	Exercise Time Expires	Manual Stop	High Batt Voltage	Below Load kW
START REASONS	Global Rebulk	0. 0.001			(CPM)					<b></b>	
2 Min Batt V	Yes	Stop			Stop				Stop	Stop	
2 Hour Batt V	Yes	Stop	Stop if days since CPM < setting	Stop if days since 100% > setting	Stop if days since CPM > setting		Stop		Stop	Stop	
24 Hour Batt V	Yes	Stop	Stop if days since CPM < setting	Stop if days since 100% > setting	Stop if days since CPM > setting		Stop		Stop	Stop	
Start SOC %	Yes	Stop	Stop if days since CPM < setting	Stop if days since 100% > setting	Stop if days since CPM > setting		Stop		Stop	Stop	
Load kW						Stop	Stop		Stop		
Exercise							Stop	Stop	Stop		
Must Run Start	Yes						Stop		Stop		Stop
Manual	Yes	If Auto selected	If Auto selected						Stop		

#### NOTES

- ~
- \$ on page 22. The FN-DC must be installed in the system.
- ٠ stages before the conditions of the other columns take effect.
- ۰ The generator will be shut off upon reaching the Stop SOC% setting as shown on page 28.
- not operate if Enable Full Charge is set at N, or if the Interval is set at 0.)
- $\diamond$ until the FN-DC's charge parameters have been met.



Generator Status 0.0 hr AC Input 115 V 1.5 kW 00:30:45 SOC 85% 28.5 V Status RUN Charging BULK Off Back Auto Ոո

0.0 hr	Generato	r Status	2:30AM
Mode MANU	AL		
Status OF	F		
Fault NONE			
Last Run M	ANUAL	Fri 11/13	/15 16:30
Back	Auto	Off	0n

"Setting" refers to the Interval Days setting in the State-of-Charge (SOC) Start screen as depicted on page 28.

"CPM" (Charged Parameters Met) refers to the full-charge parameters of the FLEXnet DC (FN-DC) Battery Monitor as defined

The conditions of the Inverter In Float or Silent column will stop the generator if the inverter reaches these charging

The conditions of the Stop SOC% column apply as long as Days Since Parms Met does not exceed Interval Days.

The conditions of the Stop at 100% SOC column apply if Days Since Parms Met equals or exceeds Interval Days. The generator will ignore the Stop SOC% setting and continue running until the battery SOC is at 100%. (This function does

The conditions of the FN-DC Charge Parms Met (CPM) column apply when Days Since Parms Met equals or exceeds Interval Days and Enable Full Charge (100% SOC) is disabled as noted above. These conditions also apply if for any reason the charge parameters are not met when the batteries reach 100% SOC as noted above. The generator will continue to run

_	MATE3s	
	Advanced Generator Start	>>
	Data Logging	>>
ш.	High Battery Transfer	>>
ш.	Grid Use Time	>>
	Load Grid Transfer	>> J

## M-2. Data Logging

The **Data Logging** function enables the MATE3s to record operational status information about the system. Individual status information is recorded for each device connected to the MATE3s. This function will record data to the internal flash memory for up to one year and selectively to an SD memory card up to the capacity of the card.

- The MATE3s can use an SD card of up to 4 GB capacity.
- To accommodate the card, it is recommended to leave 2" clearance on the right side of the MATE3s.
- Inserting the card in the slot causes an SD card icon to appear on the Home screen.





Data Logging Internal DataLog Write Interval 300 secs

SD Card Data Logging Mode Excel SD Card DataLog Write Interval 5 sec:

- Internal Data Log Write Interval the interval (60 to 3600 seconds) at which data is recorded for the MATE3s graphs. •
- SD Card Data Logging Mode — the level of selectivity for downloading data to the SD card.
  - Excel records the full date and time for each interval recorded.
  - Disabled turns off data logging to the SD card. It does not turn off data logging to the internal flash memory.
  - Compact records only the minutes and seconds for each interval recorded.
- SD Card DataLog Write Interval the interval (1 to 60 seconds) at which data is automatically downloaded to the SD card.

For instructions on downloading data logs for the charge controller, see page 45. For instructions on downloading data logs for the FLEXnet DC Battery Monitor, see page 46.

## Data Log File Format

Information generated by this function will be saved on the SD card in a generic .csv file format, which can be read by most spreadsheet programs. The file name on the .csv file will appear as follows:

Example: 11062722.csv (YYMMDDHR.csv)

Where: YY = Last 2 digits of the year, MM = Month (01-12), DD = Day (01-31), HR = Hour (00-23)

The data log shown in this example is arranged by date and time. It shows all devices connected to the HUB Communications Manager in order by port number. The table is broken into parts to emphasize that the data available for each device is not the same. Each type of OutBack device is noted by a particular Device Type designation. FX-class inverters use Device Type 2, while FLEXmax charge controllers are Type 3. The FLEXnet DC Battery Monitor is Device Type 4. Device Types not depicted here include FXR-class inverters (Type 5) and Radian-class inverters (Type 6).

This example shows a system with two FX(E) inverters, two FLEXmax controllers, and the FLEXnet DC.

#### NOTES:

- The headers shown above each part of the table are included for convenience. The headers are not included in the download.
- The data stream used to compile this download is the same as that used by the MATE3 USB Card. For more information on any of the table items, see the MATE3 USB Card Owner's Manual.

This shows the more of the data log

as it actually appears. The rows for each field are repeated with updated

information at the specified interval

Note that the order and designation of each column may change. Each

row represents a different device.

appropriately for the device type and

(5 seconds in this example).

The columns are arranged

that particular device.

Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Invert Current	Charge Current	Buy Current	AC Innut	Voltage	AC Output	voitage	Sell Current	Operating	Mode	Error Code	AC Mode		Battery Voltage	Miscellaneous	Warning Code
5/31/15	19:53:25	1	2	2	0	0		0	230	0	0	0:	2	0	00		492	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	2	2	2	0	0		0	230	0	0	0	2	0	00		492	1	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Unused	Charger Current	<b>PV Current</b>	PV Voltana	Voltage	kWh	CC Amps	(tenths)	AUX Mode	Error Code		Mode	Battery	Voltage	Amp-Hours	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	3	3	0	0	0	61		89		6	03	0		00	49	2	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	4	3	0	0	0	72		80		0	03	0		00	49	2	151	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Shunt A Amos	Shunt B Amore	Shunt C	Amps Exter Dete	Extra uata Identifier	Extra	Data	Battery Voltage		200	6 H	Snunt Enable	Status Flag	<b>Battery Temp</b>	Unused	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	5	4	9	0	0		10	66	3	492	9	3	0	00	8	2	5 0	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	1	2	2	0	0		0	230	D	0	02		0	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	2	2	2	0	0		0	230	C	0	02		0	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	3	3	0	0	0		61	89		6	03		0	00	4	92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	4	3	0	0	0		72	80	)	0	03		0	00	4	92	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	5	4	9	0	0		10	663	3	492	93	0	00	8	2	25	0	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	1	2	2	0	0		0	230	2	0	02		0	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	2	2	1	0	0		0	230	2	0	02		0	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	3	3	0	0	0		60	89		6	03		0	00	4	92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	4	3	0	0	0		71	80		0	03		0	00	4	92	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	5	4	7	0	0		10	663	3	492	93	0	00	8	2	25	0	0

Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Invert Current	Charge Current	Buy Current	AC Input	Voltage	AC Output	vuitage	Sell Current	Operating	Mode	Error Code	AC Mode	;	Battery Voltage	Miscellaneous	Warning Code
5/31/15	19:53:25	1	2	2	0	0	0		230	)	0	02	2	0	00		492	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	2	2	2	0	0	0		230	)	0	02	2	0	00		492	1	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Unused	Charger Current	PV Current	PV Voltage	Dailv	kWh	CC Amps	(tenths)	AUX Mode	Error Code		Mode	Battery	Voltage	Amp-Hours	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	3	3	0	0	0	61	1	89		6	03	0		00	49	2	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	4	3	0	0	0	72	6	80		0	03	0		00	49	2	151	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Shunt A Amps	Shunt B Amos	Shunt C	Extra Data	ldentifier	Extra	uata	Battery Voltage		222	Shimt Eachle	onunt Enable	Status Flag	Battery Temp	Unused	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	5	4	9	0	0	1	0	66	3	492	9	3	00	00	8	2	5 0	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	1	2	2	0	0	0		230	)	0	02	(	C	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	2	2	2	0	0	0		230	)	0	02	(	C	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	3	3	0	0	0	61	1	89		6	03	(	)	00	4	92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	4	3	0	0	0	72	2	80		0	03	(	)	00	4	92	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	5	4	9	0	0	10	)	663	3	492	93	00	00	8	2	25	0	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	1	2	2	0	0	0		230	)	0	02	(	)	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	2	2	1	0	0	0		230	)	0	02	(	כ	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	3	3	0	0	0	60	)	89		6	03	(	)	00	4	92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	4	3	0	0	0	71	1	80		0	03	(	)	00	4	92	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	5	4	7	0	0	10	)	663	3	492	93	00	00	8	2	25	0	0

Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Invert	Charge	Current	<b>Buy Current</b>	AC Input	voitage	AC Output Voltaria	262104	Sell Current	Operating	Ivioae	Error Code	AC Mode		Battery Voltage	Miscellaneous	Warning Code
5/31/15	19:53:25	1	2	2	(	)	0	0		230		0	02	2	0	00		492	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	2	2	2	(	)	0	0		230		0	02	:	0	00		492	1	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Unused	Charger Current	DV C.		Voltage	Daily	kWh	CC Amps	(cinie)	AUX Mode	Error Code		Mode	Battery	Voltage	Amp-Hours	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	3	3	0	0		0	61	8	39	6		03	0		00	49	92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	4	3	0	0		0	72	8	30	0		03	0		00	49	92	151	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Shunt A	Amps Shunt B	Amps	Shunt C Amps	Extra Data	Identifier	Extra	nata	battery Voltage	SOS	200	Shimt Fachle	Shunt Enable	Status Flag	Battery Temp	Unused	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	5	4	9	(	)	0	10	)	66	3	492	9	3	0	00	8	2	5 0	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	1	2	2	(	)	0	0		230		0	02		0	00	4	.92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	2	2	2	(	)	0	0		230		0	02		0	00	4	.92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	3	3	0	(	)	0	61		89		6	03		0	00	4	92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	4	3	0	(	)	0	72	2	80		0	03		0	00	4	.92	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	5	4	9	(	)	0	10		663	2	92	93	0	00	8		25	0	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	1	2	2	(	)	0	0		230		0	02		0	00	4	92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	2	2	1	(	)	0	0		230		0	02		0	00	4	.92	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	3	3	0	(	)	0	60		89		6	03		0	00	4	.92	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	4	3	0	(	)	0	71		80		0	03		0	00	4	92	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	5	4	7	(	)	0	10		663	4	92	93	0	00	8		25	0	0

Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Invert Current	Charge Current	Buy Current	AC Input Voltage	AC Output	AULAGE	Sell Current	Operating Mode	Error Code	AC Mode	Ratterv	Voltage	Miscellaneous	Warning Code
5/31/15	19:53:25	1	2	2	0	0	0	230	)	0	02	0	00	4	192	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	2	2	2	0	0	0	230	)	0	02	0	00	4	192	1	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Unused Charger	Current	PV Current	Voltage	uaily kWh	CC Amps	(tenths)	AUX Mode	Error Code	Mode	Battery	011030	Amp-Hours	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	3	3	0	0	0	61	89	6	3	03	0	00	492	2 .	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:25	4	3	0	0	0	72	80	0	)	03	0	00	492	2	151	0
Date	Time	Port	Device Type	Shunt A Amps	Shunt B Amps	Shunt C Amps	Extra Data Identifier	Extra	Uata	Battery Voltage	soc		Shunt Enable	Status Flag	<b>Battery Temp</b>	Unused	Unused
5/31/15	19:53:25	5	4	9	0	0	10	66	3	492	93	; (	000	8	25	0	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	1	2	2	0	0	0	230	)	0	02	0	00	49	2	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	2	2	2	0	0	0	230	)	0	02	0	00	49	2	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	3	З	0	0	0	61	89		6	03	0	00	49	2	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	4	3	0	0	0	72	80		0	03	0	00	49	2	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:30	5	4	9	0	0	10	663	3	492	93	000	8	25	5	0	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	1	2	2	0	0	0	230		0	02	0	00	49	2	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	2	2	1	0	0	0	230		0	02	0	00	49	2	1	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	3	3	0	0	0	60	89		6	03	0	00	49	2	168	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	4	3	0	0	0	71	80		0	03	0	00	49	2	151	0
5/31/15	19:53:35	5	4	7	0	0	10	663	3	492	93	000	8	25	5	0	0

	MATE3s	
	Advanced Generator Start	>>
	Data Logging	>>
Ш.	High Battery Transfer	>>
Ш.	Grid Use Time	>>
•	Load Grid Transfer	>>

## M-3 High Battery Transfer (HBX)

In High Battery Transfer (HBX) mode, the system is connected to an AC source such as the utility grid; however, it will use battery power as the first priority. The AC source is locked out until needed.

High Battery Transfer Enable Disabled Grid Connect 24.0 VDC Delay 10 Grid Disconnect 26.0 VDC Delay 10 Grid Connect SOC 60 % Grid Connect SOC 90 % Delay 10 Min Delay 10 Min

In this mode, the system runs on DC power for as long as the batteries can be sustained. It is expected that the batteries will be charged from renewable sources such as PV power. When the batteries become depleted, the system reconnects to the AC source to operate the loads.

The batteries may be recharged during this time using the renewable source. When the batteries are recharged to a high enough voltage, the system transfers back to the batteries as the primary source (hence the name High Battery Transfer).

HBX Mode commands the inverter to:

- Connect to an AC source if the battery voltage has fallen below the Grid Connect voltage for the amount of time set in the (connect) **Delay** set point
- Connect to an AC source if the battery state of charge (SOC) has fallen below the Grid Connect SOC for any amount of time
- Disconnect the AC source and switch to powering the loads from the battery bank if the battery voltage has risen above the Grid Disconnect voltage for the amount of time set in the (disconnect) Delay set point
- Disconnect the AC source and switch to powering loads from the battery bank if the battery state of charge (SOC) has risen above the Grid Disconnect SOC for any amount of time

## **IMPORTANT:**

- HBX mode will control the master inverter in port 1 of a HUB Communications Manager. The master will then instruct all subphase masters and slaves to connect or disconnect from the AC input source.
- \* For best operation, the inverter's charger should be turned off when HBX mode is in use. This mode is intended for systems that rely primarily on the renewable energy source for charging. The settings of HBX mode allow it to disconnect from the utility grid whenever it can charge effectively using the renewable source. Use of the inverter's charger may interfere with these priorities. This may keep both *HBX* mode and the inverter's charger from working effectively. See the MATE3s Overview Guide (the CHARGER hot key) for instructions on shutting off the charger.

HBX	lode Defa	ault Set F	Points	
System Voltage	12 V	24 V	36 V	48 V
High Voltage	13	26	38	52
Low Voltage	12	24	36	48
Time	1 hour	1 hour	1 hour	1 hour

#### **Menu Items**

- Enabled/Disabled
- *Grid Connect xx.x* VDC (inverter-dependent) ٠ The low-voltage level that causes the system to reconnect to the utility grid.
- (Grid Connect) Delay — 0 to 240 minutes The delay period after reaching Grid Connect before the system reconnects to the utility grid.
- Grid Disconnect xx.x VDC (inverter-dependent) The high-voltage level that causes the system to disconnect from the utility grid.
- (Grid Disconnect) Delay — 0 to 240 minutes The delay period after reaching Grid Disconnect before the system disconnects from the utility grid.
- Grid Connect SOC 10% to 100% The low-battery state of charge that causes the system to reconnect to the utility grid immediately.
- Grid Disconnect SOC 50% to 100% The high-battery state of charge that causes the system to disconnect from the utility grid immediately.

#### NOTES ON SETTINGS:

- The system must be in the Grid Disconnect state to allow HBX default settings to be changed.
- sizable demand for power that may momentarily drop the voltage below the Grid Connect value.
- \* The **SOC** set points are only usable by a system equipped with a battery monitor.

#### NOTES ON SELECTING HBX MODE

- - the MATE3s and cannot function unless the MATE3s is installed and operating.
  - HBX can only do so under specific circumstances.
  - excessive discharge; however, most of its settings are automatic and do not allow customization.
  - *Mini Grid* will not disconnect the inverter from the utility grid.

The **Delay** set points are used to prevent the inverter from switching to grid power in the event of a sudden,

 HBX mode has similar priorities to the Mini Grid mode used by FXR-class and Radian-class inverters. However, it is not compatible with *Mini Grid* and cannot be used at the same time. To prevent conflicts when using HBX mode, make certain not to select Mini Grid. (Selection of AC input modes can be found on page 11. Information on *Mini Grid* and other modes can be found in the inverter Operator's Manual.)

 HBX is also incompatible with the Grid Use Time and Load Grid Transfer functions in the MATE3s. These functions do not have similar priorities to *Mini Grid* or *HBX*, but they do control the inverter's connection and disconnection with the grid. HBX should not be used with these functions. (See pages 36 and 37.)

When deciding whether to use *Mini Grid* mode or *HBX*, the user should consider the aspects of each.

- Mini Grid logic is based in the FXR inverter and can function in the absence of the MATE3s. HBX logic is based in

- Mini Grid can use utility grid power to fully recharge the batteries every time it reconnects to the grid.

- HBX set points have a wide range of settings. Mini Grid uses settings intended to protect the batteries from

- HBX works more efficiently with a larger renewable source, but there is no specification for renewable size. *Mini Grid* cannot work properly unless the source is larger than the size of the loads. If this condition is not met,

	MATE3s	
	Advanced Generator Start	>>
	Data Logging	>>
ш.	High Battery Transfer	>>
ш.	Grid Use Time	>>
•	Load Grid Transfer	>>

## M-4. Grid Use Time

This function allows the system to connect to (use) the utility grid and disconnect from (drop) it on a schedule. Grid Use Time mode is programmed separately for weekday and weekend connect times. Before turning the Grid Use Time mode on, set all weekday and weekend time periods.

- Three Grid Use Time periods may be programmed on weekdays.
- Only one *Grid Use Time* may be programmed on a weekend.



- Weekday: Use the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Monday through Friday) when the system is told to Use the utility grid. • Three different Use times can be set.
- Weekday: Drop the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Monday through Friday) when the system is told to Drop the utility grid. Three different **Drop** times can be set.
- Weekend: Use the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Saturday and Sunday) when the system is told to Use the utility grid.
- Weekend: Drop the daily time (00:00 to 23:59, Saturday and Sunday) when the system is told to Drop the utility grid. •

## **IMPORTANT:**

- / 🖞 🔪 The time and date must be accurately programmed for this mode to function properly.
  - Care must be taken when programming weekday and weekend times that encompass USE periods past midnight (12:00 a.m.). The user must take into account weekday USE periods that will end on a Saturday.
  - Grid Use Time cannot be used with HBX mode or Load Grid Transfer. These functions have incompatible priorities and \* will conflict with each other.
  - Grid Use Time cannot be used if the inverter's Mini Grid AC input mode is used (see page 11). \* These functions have incompatible priorities and will conflict with each other.
  - The MATE3s does not automatically adjust its clock for Daylight Savings Time. This may affect timing of grid usage. \$
  - If a start time equals a stop time, no action will be taken and the time period is ignored. \$
  - \* If the battery voltage falls below the inverter's Low Battery Cut-Out voltage, the inverter will automatically connect to the AC input source regardless of the time-of-day setting.

#### EXAMPLE #1:

Weekday Start — 6:00 AM Stop — 6:00 AM

#### Weekend Start — 12:00 AM Stop — 12:00 AM

Grid Use Time Enable 🛛 Enable N Enable N

0:00

0:00 0:00

0:00 0:00 0:00

The weekend **Use** period has been left at its default (00:00 or 12:00 AM). Any time that a Start time equals a Stop time, no action will be taken and the time period is ignored. The above settings will have the following results:

- Monday Friday evenings at 6 PM, the MATE3s issues a USE command to the inverter allowing the AC input source to be used.
- Monday Friday mornings at 6 AM, a DROP command is issued.
- On Friday evening at 6 PM, a USE command is issued but since the weekend Start and Stop times are equal, the weekend use time is disabled. No DROP command will be issued until Monday morning at 6 AM.

#### EXAMPLE #2:

Weekday Start — 6:00 PM Stop — 6:00 AM Weekend Start — 4:00 PM Stop — 8:00 AM

- Monday Thursday evenings at 6:00 PM, the MATE3s issues a USE command to the inverter allowing the AC input source to be used.
- Monday Friday at 6:00 AM, a DROP command is issued. On Friday evening at 6:00 PM, a USE command is issued.
- Saturday morning a DROP command is issued at 8:00 AM. Saturday afternoon at 4:00 PM, the inverter will USE again until Sunday morning at 8:00 AM. Sunday evening at 4:00 PM., a USE time period will start, ending on Monday morning at 6:00 AM.

	MATE3s	1
П	Load Grid Transfer	>>
	Charge Controller Float Coordination	>>
	Global Charger Output Control	>>
	FLEXnet DC Advanced Control	>>
	AC Coupled Control	>> )

## M-5. Load Grid Transfer

The MATE3s can force all inverters to automatically reconnect to the utility grid, even if the normal mode is to be disconnected. Inverters can reconnect based on high output loads, or based on low battery voltage.

- Mode Enabled allows automatic grid reconnection. Disabled means reconnection will only occur according to the inverter's own operating mode or other programming.
- AC Load Threshold The amount of load which requires the inverter to connect. ٠
- ٠ Load Connect Delay — The length of time the AC Load Threshold must be exceeded before the inverter connects.
- Load Disconnect Delay The length of time the loads must remain below the AC Load Threshold before the inverter disconnects from the grid.
- **Connect Low Battery** The low battery voltage level which requires the inverter to connect.
- Disconnect High Battery The voltage which the batteries must reach before the inverter disconnects from the grid.

## M-6. Charge Controller Float Coordination

This menu enables the coordination of more than one OutBack FLEXmax charge controller. (This function also works on MX60 charge controllers with firmware revision 5.11). This enables the devices to enter the float stage, or perform other activities, simultaneously rather than individually. Float Coordination means that when one charge controller finishes a bulk charge and moves into the float stage, the MATE3s directs any other charge controllers into the float stage as well.

## M-7. Global Charger Output Control

The global charger control allows the MATE3s to limit the DC current delivered by all FLEXmax charge controllers in the system. This menu specifies a maximum allowed charging current for the system. The total charge controller current cannot exceed this number.

#### NOTES:

- This function cannot limit charge current from inverters of any kind. However, inverter current is counted in the total. For example, if Maximum Battery Charge is set to 200 Adc and the inverters charge at 125 Adc, the charge controller current cannot exceed the difference, which is 75 Adc. The controller current will be limited as necessary.
- This function requires the system to have a FLEXnet DC battery monitor \* installed in the system.
- The FLEXmax charge controllers must be set to Grid-Tie Mode in order to  $\diamond$ establish priority for this function. (See page 19.) However, the inverters in the system cannot use grid-interactive functions (if any).

Load Grid	Transfer
Mode Disabled AC Load	Threshold 0.1 kW
Load Connect Delay	5 Seconds
Load Disconnect Delay	10 Seconds
Connect Low Battery	48.0 Vdc
Disconnect High Battery	51.6 Vdc

Float Coordination

Enable 2 Charge Controller Float Coordination

Enable — either enables (Y) or disables (N) the Charge Controller Float Coordination function.

Global Charger Output Control Enable 🛛 Maximum Battery Charge 80 f

- Enable — either enables (Y) or disables (N) the Global Charger Output Control function.
- Maximum Battery Charge the maximum combined charging current (10 to 800 amps) allowed

MATE3s	
FLEXnet DC Advanced Control	>>
AC Coupled Control	>>
FLEXtime Schedule	>>
Automatic Daily Reboot	>>
Reset to Factory Defaults	>>

## M-8. FLEXnet DC Advanced Control

This menu allows certain advanced functions to be used with the FLEXnet DC (FN-DC) if installed. See the FN-DC literature for more information.

- Enable Charge Termination Control allows the battery charging to be stopped for all inverters on the system, once the charging parameters of the FN-DC have been met. (See page 22 for these parameters.) Options are **N** (no) or **Y** (yes).
- Enable Auto Grid-Tie Control — if grid-interactive inverters are present on the system, this control allows their grid-interactive function to be turned off at midnight each night. This function allows the charge controllers to complete a charge cycle at the beginning of the next day before the system begins selling. It prevents the batteries from remaining at or below the Sell voltage for extended periods without receiving a full charge.

If grid-interactive inverters are not present, this item is inoperative. Options are N (no) or Y (yes). When Y is selected, "grid-tie" mode will be enabled on grid-interactive inverters anytime the battery monitor signals that charge parameters have been met.

NOTE: When grid-tie mode is enabled with this function, the Offset Enable menu item (see page 15) will change to Y (yes). The inverter will become capable of selling even if the function had been previously turned off.

The next two items are related to the system indicators on the Home screen and are titled **Battery Status** on the screen. (See the MATE3s Overview Guide for home screens.)

- Low SOC Warning Level if the batteries decrease to this state of charge (SOC), an event will be registered in the event log, and the Home screen will display ! -+, a battery warning. (See page 50.) Settable range is 20% to 99%.
- Critical SOC Warning Level if the batteries • decrease to this state of charge (SOC), an event will be registered in the event log, and the Home screen will display X [-+], a warning that the batteries have been critically discharged. (See page 50.) Settable range is 10% to 98%.

## M-9. AC Coupled Control

This menu activates the AC Coupling function of a Radian-class inverter. Using the GSLC175-AC-120/240, the Radian's output can interface with the output of another grid-tied inverter.

When *Enabled*, the Radian 12V AUX output closes the ROCB (remote-operated circuit breaker) in the GS Load Center. This connects the Radian inverter's output bus to that of the grid-tied inverter.

This function works with all Radian AC input modes except *Generator*. It must be used on the **GRID** input. Connecting a source in *Generator* mode, or connecting to the **GEN** input in any mode, causes the ROCB to open.

While the grid is present, the following operations can occur.

• During the day, the Radian transfers excess AC power from the grid-tied inverter and back to the utility grid during the day. It also transfers grid power to the critical loads panel at night.

During a grid failure, the following operations can occur.

- The Radian's own output provides a stable AC source to the grid-tied inverter. This allows the grid-tied inverter to remain active without the grid. The grid-tied inverter continues to deliver power to any loads present on the Radian's output. This is applicable during a grid failure, or in an off-grid system.
- Any AC power not consumed by the loads is converted by the Radian to DC power and delivered to the battery bank.
- Power delivered to the battery bank is controlled by several reference (target) voltages, particularly the Radian battery charger settings. The settings Absorb Voltage and Float Voltage are used as reference voltages. These are the same voltages that are used by the inverter's Offset function. (See the Operator's Manual for more information on this function.)
- If the battery voltage exceeds the target, the 12V AUX output will open the ROCB. This removes the AC source from the grid-tied • inverter, shutting it down. This will also remove the source of excess battery energy. The Radian still powers the critical loads.
- The 12V AUX output will reconnect the Radian's output to the grid-tied inverter when the battery voltage decreases to a safe level.

#### NOTES:

The GridZero AC input mode is not recommended in an AC-coupled system due to several incompatible priorities. See the OutBack website, www.outbackpower.com, for detailed information on AC coupling.

AC Coupled Control Enabled N AUX 12V Port 1

- **Enabled** enables (Y) or disables (N) the AC Coupling function.
- AUX 12V Port selects the HUB port with the designated AC-coupled Radian inverter.

**NOTE:** Only one Radian inverter can be AC Coupled with this programming.

## M-12. Reset to Factory Defaults

This screen allows the user to erase the settings from the MATE3s and start over with the values programmed at the factory. Entering this screen brings up the query **Reset MATE3s to Factory** Defaults?

	Reset MATE3s to Factory Defaults	?	
No			Yes

FLEXNet DC Advanced Control
Enable Charge Termination Control 🍸
Enable Auto Grid-Tie Control N
Battery Status:
Low SOC Warning Level 60 %
Critical SOC Warning Level 50 %

MATE3s	
FLEXnet DC Advanced Control	>>
AC Coupled Control	>>
FLEXtime Schedule	>>
Automatic Daily Reboot	>>
Reset to Factory Defaults	~~ ~~ ~

## M-10. FLEXtime Schedule

The inverter can switch between AC input modes based on time of day. The input mode selection,

	FLEXt	ime Sch	edule	
	Input Mode	Hour	Minute	
1.	Grid Tied	6	00	
2.	Backup	19	30	
з.		0	00	

previously fixed, becomes flexible according to a schedule. Three mode and time selections are available.

- Input Mode the mode used during the selected time.
- Hour and Minute the selection (00:00 to 23:59) which defines • that part of the schedule.

#### NOTES:

- The times under each selection are start times only. The stop time \$ is defined by the start time for the next selection.
- Leaving a selection blank means it will be skipped. If all selections . are blank, this function will not operate.
- FLEXtime Schedule is available for FXR-class and Radian-class inverters only.

## **M-11. Automatic Daily Reboot**

The MATE3s can reboot itself every 24 hours. This is a backup measure in the event of a display

Automatic Daily Reboot

Reboot every 24 hours 🛛

freeze or a disconnect from OPTICS RE.

- **Reboot every 24 hours** enables (Y) or disables (N) this function.
- **NOTE:** This function is not recommended if AGS is in use.

Use the soft keys to select No or Yes.

- If **<No>** is selected, the screen returns to the **Battery** Monitor menu. No changes will be made to any settings.
- If **<Yes>** is selected, the battery monitor's settings immediately change to the original factory values. The screen displays the message MATE3s Restored to Factory Defaults. A <Continue > soft key will appear. Pressing this key returns the screen to the MATE3s menu.



Continu

# **Profile Wizard (W)**

The Profile Wizard is a guided program for rapidly configuring devices. It prevents the need for repetitive programming when multiple common devices are used.

The Wizard asks the user a series of questions that describe the system. The Wizard uses the answers to these questions to build a "profile" of the best settings for all devices. When prompted by the user, the Wizard will use the profile to communicate with the devices and program the settings.

An installer can create new profiles, use existing profiles, or restore profiles to their original state.

• Creating New Profiles (W-1)

Profile Settings (W-4)

• Using Existing Profiles (W-2)

• Saving the Profile to an SD Card (W-5)

K

Exit

Restoring Profiles (W-3) 0

Note that a Profile is not the same as a System Configuration as programmed in the **System** menu. See **S-2** on page 5. Additionally, see **W-4** on page 42 for other items not programmed by the Wizard.

## **IMPORTANT:**

Please program the Profile Wizard in accordance with the Recommended Programming Order on page 4.

#### **W-1. Creating New Profiles** Profile Wizard New Profile Existing Profil Restore Profile Creating a profile involves customizing various aspects of a system. These include system type, battery charging and monitoring, and inverter interactions with both utility grid and generator. Once a custom profile is saved to an SD card, it can be re-applied if the settings are ever lost. An installer can also apply a configuration from an SD card to similar systems. Back To create a new profile: 1. From the **Profile Wizard** menu, select **New Profile**. 2. Press < Continue > to confirm a new profile. This enters a series of screens J with settings. The screens are shown on page 42, beginning with System Type (A).

3. The last setup screen is the **Setup Complete** screen **J**. At this point the profile can be applied to the system (K), or it can be saved first (L).

NOTE: Pressing the <Exit> soft key will return to the Main Menu without saving or applying the profile. All changes will be lost.

4. The **Program**> soft key (**K**) will apply the profile to the system. All settings will be programmed into the appropriate devices and will immediately take effect. The message Programming System will appear. When it is complete, System Programmed will appear. The <Save> soft key (L) will appear again.

## **IMPORTANT:**

1 1 1 Making changes in steps 2 and 3 is not the same as programming them. Changes are only applied to the system once the <**Program**> soft key is pressed.

5. The **Save** soft key (L) saves the profile to the SD card. The screens are shown on page 43, beginning with the Save Profile Wizard screen (L).

NOTE: Saving a profile will not apply it to the system, but a saved profile can be retrieved and applied later. See W-2.

6. Once programming and saving is complete, press <**Exit**> to return to the *Main Menu*.

## W-2. Using Existing Profiles

If the most recent profile was lost or changed, it can be retrieved from an SD card and applied to the system. If the profile was not ideal, any existing value can be changed before re-applying the profile.

#### To apply a profile that was previously saved:

1. From the Profile Wizard menu, select Existing Profile. This will take the most recent profile stored in the MATE3s and apply it to the system.

When Using Existing Profile is displayed:

- 2. If the profile needs to be changed, press the **<Continue>** soft key. This enters a series of screens with settings. The progression of screens is shown on page 42, beginning with System Type (A).
- 3. To retrieve and apply the most recent profile, press the **<Program>** soft key **K**. All settings will be programmed into the appropriate devices and will immediately take effect. The message *Programming System* will appear. When it is complete. System Programmed and the **<Save>** soft key (L) will appear. See Step 5.
- 4. The last setup screen is the Setup Complete screen J. At this point the profile can be applied to the system (K). Any changes can be saved first (L).
- 5. The **Save** soft key (L) allows the profile to be saved to the SD card. The screens are shown on page 43, beginning with the Save Profile Wizard screen (L).
- 6. Once programming and saving is complete, press **<Exit>** to return to the *Main Menu*.

## **W-3. Restoring Profiles**

Previously saved profiles can be selected and retrieved. If the profile was not ideal, any existing value can be changed. Once all values are confirmed, the profile can either be saved or applied.

#### To restore a profile that was previously saved:

- 1. From the **Profile Wizard** menu, select **Restore Profile**. The MATE3s will access the SD card and display the names of the profiles available to be restored.
- 2. Use the control wheel to scroll through the names.
- 3. When the desired profile is selected, press the **<RESTORE>** soft key to start the restoration process. This will go through each screen to confirm it is accurate. The progression of screens is shown below, beginning with **System Type** (A).
- 4. The last setup screen is the Setup Complete screen J. At this point the profile can be applied to the system (K), or it can be saved first (L). See Step 6.
- 5. The **<Program>** soft key (**K**) will apply the profile to the system. All settings will be programmed into the appropriate devices and will immediately take effect. The message Programming System will appear. When it is complete, System Programmed and the <Save> soft key (L) will appear.
- 6. The **<Save>** soft key (L) allows the profile to be saved to the SD card. The screens are shown on page 43, beginning with the Save Profile Wizard screen (L).
- 7. Once programming and saving is complete, press <**Exit**> to return to the *Main Menu*.





Profile Wizard

Programming Suster

Profile Wizard

System Programmed

Save

C

Main Menu Settings Profile Wizard Device Data Logs Event Logs

>> >> >>

>>

>> >> >>





# **Profile Wizard**

Profile Wizard	
New Profile	>>
Existing Profile	>>
Restore Profile	>>

## W-4. Profile Settings

This section shows the process of customizing all system elements. The screen progression shown is the same whether **A** is selected in the **New Profile**, **Existing Profile**, or **Restore Profile** menus.

Note that Wizard profiles are useful for rapid setup of multiple devices, but they do not configure the entire system. Items not covered include inverter stacking (see **I-9** on page 14), charge controller float coordination (see M-6 on page 37), and many system settings (see S-1 beginning on page 4). In addition, if settings are made in the wrong order, the Wizard may overwrite some customized settings. To ensure that **all** settings are made correctly and retained, make certain to follow the Recommended Programming Order on page 4.



- If System Type is set to Grid Tied: ٠
  - In FX-class inverters, Offset Enable changes to Y. (See page 15.) For all other system types, this selection changes to N. \_
  - In Radian-class inverters, the Grid AC input mode changes to Grid Tied. The Gen AC input mode changes to Generator.
  - In FXR-class inverters, Input Type changes to Grid. The AC input modes used by Grid and Gen change to Grid Tied and Generator. \_
- Grid-Tie Mode in all charge controllers changes to Y.
- If System Type is set to Off Grid:
  - In Radian-class inverters, both the **Grid** and **Gen** AC input modes change to *Generator*.
- In FX-class or FXR-class inverters, Input Type changes to Gen. In FXR-class, Generator is the AC input mode used by both Grid and Gen.

Equalize Voltage/Time

Re-Float Voltage

- If System Type is set to Backup: ٠
  - In Radian-class inverters, the Grid AC input mode changes to Backup. The Gen AC input mode changes to Generator.
  - In FXR-class inverters, Input Type changes to Grid. The AC input modes used by Grid and Gen change to Backup and Generator.
- If Battery Type is set to FLA, the FLEXmax charge controller's Temp Comp Mode selection changes to Wide. (See page 18.) For GEL . or AGM battery types, Temp Comp is Limited. When Limited, the Upper and Lower Battery Voltage equal the Wizard Absorb and Float settings respectively plus 0.2 Vdc (for a 12-volt system), 0.4 Vdc (24-volt), 0.6 Vdc (36-volt), or 0.8 Vdc (48-volt).
- See **S-1** on page 4 for more information on various **System Types**. ٠

Continue

D



- Wizard Battery Charging (C) Absorb Voltage/Time
- Float Voltage/Time •

- NOTES:
- In grid-interactive models, Float Voltage also controls the Sell Voltage setting on page 15. Sell Voltage equals Float Voltage minus 0.2 ٠ Vdc (for a 24-volt system) or 0.4 Vdc (for a 48-volt system).
- Absorb Voltage and Float Voltage also control the equivalent settings in FLEXmax charge controllers. (See page 18.) The controller voltages equal the Wizard voltages plus 0.1 Vdc (for 12- or 24-volt systems) or 0.2 Vdc (for 36- or 48-volt systems).
- This menu also controls items in the Battery Setup menu for the FN-DC. (See page 22.) Full Charge Voltage equals the Wizard Absorb ٠ Voltage minus 0.2 Vdc (for a 12-volt system), 0.4 Vdc (24-volt), 0.6 Vdc (36-volt), or 0.8 Vdc (48-volt). Parms Met Time equals 5% of the Wizard Absorb Time. Note also that Return Amps equals 3% of the battery Capacity in B above.
- See **I-6** on page 12 for more information on battery charging.



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# **Profile Wizard**

Profile Wizard
New Profile
Existing Profile
RestoreProfile

## W-5. Saving the Profile to an SD card

>> >> >>

This section shows the process of saving the profile and creating names for each file. The screen progression shown here is the same whether **A** is selected in the *New Profile*, *Existing Profile*, or *Restore Profile* menus.

#### To save a profile to an SD card:

If other profiles have been saved on the SD card, a list will be displayed (L). Choose Option 1 or 2 below.

**NOTE**: If the SD card is empty, pressing **Save**> will automatically default to Option 2 below.

 Select a name on the list with the control wheel. Press the <Save> soft key (N) to save the new settings over the selected profile. Saving to SD Card will be displayed. Proceed to 3.

#### OR

- Press the <**New**> soft key (**M**) to create a new profile name. (8 characters maximum)
  - Use the control wheel to scroll through the available characters.
  - Use <→> or <←> to move to the desired character location.
  - Use < Delete> to erase characters when highlighted.

Press **Save**> to save the new profile name. **Saving to SD Card** will be displayed.

#### In either case:

3. Wait for the confirmation screen to appear. After the screen appears, press **<Continue>** to return to the **Setup Complete** screen **J**.



# **Device Data Logs (D)**

Users can create Device Data Logs for the FLEXmax (FM) Charge Controller and the FLEXnet (FN) DC Battery Monitor. The data logs can then be uploaded and saved to an SD card, or erased. Data logs can be converted to spreadsheets and graphs. They can be used to evaluate performance and trends.

- Saving Data Logs for the FLEXmax Charge Controller
- Saving Data Logs for the FLEXnet DC Battery Monitor
- Erasing Data Logs (D-3)

## D-1. Saving Data Logs for the FLEXmax Charge Controller

#### To create a data log for the FLEXmax Ch

- 1. From the DEVICE DATA LOGS menu, select FLEXmax
- 2. From the FM Charge Controller Data Log menu, select
- 3. If other data logs have been saved on the SD card, a list To save over a current log, choose option A. To save the
  - A. Select a name on the list with the control wheel. Press new data over the selected data log. Saving to SD C. Proceed to C.

**NOTE**: If the SD card is empty, pressing the **<Sav** automatically default to Option B.

#### OR

- B. Press <New> to create a unique name for the new (8 characters maximum)
  - Use the control wheel to scroll through the avail
  - Use <→> or <←> to move to the desired chara
  - Use <Delete> to erase characters when highli

Press **<Save>** to save the new data log name. **Save** be displayed.

In either case:

C. Wait for the confirmation screen to appear. After the **Continue>** to return to *Upload and Save Data Lo* 

**NOTE**: This header line is included in the download.

FLEXmax Data Log									
Date	AH	kWh	Max Amps	Max Watts	Absorb Time	Float Time	Min Battery V	Max Battery V	Max Voc
6/13/15	0	0	38	52	0:00	0:00	24.1	29.1	122
6/12/15	38	0.9	36	48	0:00	0:00	24.1	29.0	122
6/11/15	32	0.8	1 hour	1 hour	0:00	0:00	24.1	28.7	120

(D-1) (D-2)	Hain Menu       Settings     >>       Profile Wizard     >>       Device Data Logs     >>       Event Logs     >>       Firmware Update     >>		
r	DEVICE DATA LOGS FLEXmax Charge Controller >> FLEXnet Battery Monitor >>		
arge Controller:	EM Charge Controller Data Log		
Charge Controller.	Upload and Save Data Log >>		
Upload and Save Data Log.	Erase Data Log >>		
will be displayed. e log as new, choose B.			
s <b><save></save></b> to save the <b>Card</b> will be displayed.	ГП Спагде Controller Data Log ГНВО 1/07/15 17:34 Ротt 6 15022809 2/28/15 10:00 15022810 2/28/15 11:00 15022811 2/28/15 12:00 New Save		
e> soft key will	FM Charge Controller Data Log FM80 Saving to SD Card		
data log.			
able characters.	FM Charge Controller Data Log Port 6 New Data Log File 🗗		
acter location.	Delete 🗲 🔶 Save		
ghted.	FM Charge Controller Data Log		
ving to SD Card will	B Saving to SD Card		
screen appears, press	FM Charge Controller Data Log B Saved to SD Card		
	Lontinue		

# **Device Data Logs**

Main Menu	
Settings	>>
Profile Wizard	>>
Device Data Logs	>>
Event Logs	>>
Firmware Update	>>



- 2. From the *Data Log* menu for that device, select *Erase Data Log*.
- 3. A query screen will appear. Press **<Yes>** to erase the data log. Pressing **<No>** returns to the *Data Log* menu for that device.
- Wait for the confirmation screen to appear. After the screen appears, press
   **Continue>** to return to *Upload and Save Data Log*.

# FLEXmax Charge Controller >> FLEXmet Battery Monitor >> FN Battery Monitor Data Log >> Upload and Save Data Log >> Frase Data Log >> FN Battery Monitor Data Log >> FN Battery Monitor Data Log? No Yes Yes

#### FN Battery Monitor Data Log FLEXnet Battery Monitor Data Log Erased Continue

# **Event Logs (E)**

When events occur that affect the system or cause a shutdown, an event message occurs. Events are recorded at intervals to the MATE3s flash memory at intervals programmed in the settings. (See page 31.) To investigate event messages, see page 47.

Event logs can be downloaded to an SD Card or deleted from the MATE3s internal memory.

- To Save an Event Log (E-1)
- To Read an Event Log File from the SD Card (E-2)
- To Delete an Event Log (E-3)

## E-1. To Save an Event Log

## To create a data log for the FLEXmax Charge Controller:

- 1. From the Event Logs menu, select Save Events to SD Card.
- On the *Date Range* set point, use the control wheel to select the date for the event log (or logs) to be saved to the SD card. The range will start with *All* and will move backward to *yesterday*, up to one year's worth of logs.
- If other event logs have been saved on the SD card, a list will be displayed. Choose Option A or B. NOTE: If the SD card is empty, pressing the <Save> soft key will automatically default to Option B.
  - A. Select a name on the list with the control wheel. Press <Save> to save the new events over the selected event log. Saving to SD Card will be displayed. Proceed to C.

#### OR

- B. Press <New> to create a unique name for the new event log. (8 characters maximum)
  - Use the control wheel to scroll through the available characters
  - Use <→> or <←> to move to the desired character location.
  - Use **<Delete>** to erase characters when highlighted.

Press **<Save>** to save the new event log name. *Saving to SD Card* will be displayed.

C. Wait for the confirmation screen to appear. After the screen appears, press
 <Continue> to return to *Event Logs*.

# E-2. To Read an Event Log File from the SD Card

When an Event Log is downloaded to an SD card, is created. This file can be opened in Notepad or N as a text file. Event logs can be used to identify reproduct symptoms and other patterns.

A partial Event Log is der

Main Menu



	6/16/15,12:16:09,FX-1,IN AC Voltage OK,119 VAC
om	6/16/15, 6:25:13,Remote Power Up
	6/16/15, 6:25:13,Remote Power Down
	6/09/15,15:40:08,Remote Power Up
	6/09/15,15:36:55,Remote Power Down
an <b>ela</b> file	6/08/15,15:31:14,Remote Power Up
	6/08/15,10:51:44,Remote Power Down
AS Word	6/07/15,14:32:09,Remote Power Up
bated	6/07/15,14:31:59,Remote Power Down
pealeu	6/07/15,14:30:21,Remote Power Up
	5/31/15,15:35:01,Remote Power Down
	5/31/15,15:34:51,FX-1,IN AC Freq OK, 59.0 Hz
	5/31/15,15:34:51,FX-1,IN AC Voltage Too Low, 118 VAC
picted here.	5/31/15,15:33:25,FX-1,IN AC Freg Too Low, 51.0 Hz
1	5/31/15,15:33:25,FX-1,IN AC Voltage Too Low, 95 VAC
	-

# **Firmware Update**

Main Menu			
Settings	>>		
Configuration Wizard	>>		
Device Data Logs	>>		
Event Logs	>>		
Firmware Update	>>		

## E-3. To Delete an Event Log

#### To erase a MATE3s event log :

- 1. From the *Event Logs* menu, select *Delete Events*.
- On the *Date Range* set point, use the control wheel to select the date for the event log (or logs) to be deleted. The range will start with *All* and will move backward to *yesterday*, up to one year's worth of logs.
- If a log with a specific date is desired, then use the control wheel to scroll through the list. When the name to be deleted is selected, press <**Continue**>.
- A query screen will appear. Press < Yes> to erase the data log. Pressing <No> returns to the Date Range screen.
- Wait for the confirmation screen to appear. After the screen appears, press <**Continue**> to return to *Event Logs*.

	Event	Logs	
S	ave Events to	o SD Card	>>
D	elete Events	l	>>
	Delete	Events	
Date Ra	nge All		
Continu	e		
	Delete	Events	
	Delete All	Events?	
		Licity	
Back	Yes	No	
	Delete	Events	
C	eleting Even	ts, Please Wait	
	Delete	Events	
	Events D	eleted	
Continu	e		

# Troubleshooting

## **Common Problems**

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Remedy	
MATE3s does not	The MATE3s is powered by the OutBack product to which it is connected. The OutBack products may not be powered up or connected.	Check all OutBack devices for correct operation. Check or replace the CAT5 cable running from the MATE3s to the OutBack product.	
power up.	The left-hand RJ45 port on the back of the MATE3s is used for computer communications. It cannot power a MATE3s.	Make sure the CAT5 cable is plugged into the correct RJ45 port. This is the right-hand port when looking at the rear of the MATE3s.	
HUB product loses power when cable is plugged into MATE3s.	The left-hand RJ45 port on the back of the MATE3s is wired differently from the HUB port. It may short out a HUB product.	Make sure the CAT5 cable is plugged into the correct RJ45 port. This is the right-hand port when looking at the rear of the MATE3s.	
MATE3s does not display a particular device, meter, or setting.	The CAT5 cable may have an open or broken conductor.	Check or replace the CAT5 cable running from the MATE3s to the OutBack product.	
	The OutBack products may not be powered up or connected.	Make sure no OutBack devices have been moved, unplugged, or added.	
MATE3s voltmeter for a particular device or screen is inaccurate.	Meter could be incorrectly calibrated.	Confirm correct voltage with an accurate voltmeter. (Make all tests on the terminals of the OutBack product.) If necessary, adjust the MATE3s meter using the <i>Calibration</i> menus. See pages 16 and 21.	

# **Firmware Update**

The MATE3s can be updated to the latest revision by installing the latest firmware. Firmware can be ordered on a preloaded SD card, or downloaded from www.outbackpower.com. For the exact update procedure, refer to the *MATE3s Overview Guide*.



#### CAUTION: EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

Make certain to follow all steps listed in the *Overview Guide*. Failing to follow any steps could result in permanent failure of the MATE3s.



# Troubleshooting

## **Event Messages**

The **EVENTS** indicator shows that an event has occurred which requires attention. If this LED illuminates, follow these steps to help determine the nature of the fault. This may also help resolve the problem.

See the MATE3s Overview Guide for more information on the EVENTS indicator.

#### To investigate event messages:

1. Look at the system indicator on the Home screen. The icon will change to indicate the device that needs attention.



Symbol	Message	These s
OK	System operational	indicato specific products configur See the <i>Overvie</i> more inf on home symbols
! = 1	Check Battery (if FN-DC is present)	
X⊡	Battery Critical (if FN-DC is present)	
! <b>G</b>	Check Generator (Off Grid system type only)	
<b>!</b> 신	Check Inverter	
! 个	Check Utility Grid (Grid Tied system type only)	

ese system dicators are often ecific to certain oducts or nfigurations. ee the *MATE3s rerview Guide* for ore information home screen mbols.

#### 2. Check the LED indicator.

- A flashing **EVENTS** indicator means a warning has occurred.
- A solid **EVENTS** indicator may mean that the system has shut down due to an error. If Advanced Generator Start (AGS) is in use, it may also mean the system has suffered an AGS fault.

See the *MATE3s Overview Guide* and the inverter literature for more information on warnings and errors. See page 30 for more information on testing AGS.

- Press the EVERTS hot key A to display the *Event History* screen. The *Event History* screen will appear with a list of events that have occurred.
  - The **<Next>** soft key **C** selects the next event in the list.
  - The **<Prev>** soft key **D** selects the previous event in the list.
  - The control wheel will also scroll up and down the list.
  - The **<Back>** soft key **B** returns to the Home screen.
- 4. Press the **<Detail>** soft key **E** when the desired event is highlighted in the list. This opens the *Event History Detail* screen.
  - $\circ$  ~ Using the control wheel will display the details for the previous, or next events.
  - The **<ACK>** soft key **G** will acknowledge one open event.
  - The **<ACK ALL>** soft key **H** will acknowledge all open events.

Once acknowledged, the **EVENTS** indicator will turn off. An acknowledgement (**ACKED**) will replace the word **Fault** in the **Event History** screen.

- The **<Back>** soft key **F** returns to the *Event History* screen.
- Press **<Back>** again (**B**) to return to the Home screen.

5. If the event involves another device within the system, then refer to that device's manual for troubleshooting advice.

#### CHARGER CHARGER GEN GEN GEN CHARGER CH



# **MATE3s Specifications**

Mechanical			
Dimensions (H x W x D)	7 ½ x 7 1/16" x 1 5/8" (19 x 17.9 x 4.2 cm)		
Shipping Dimensions (H x W x D)	3 ¼ x 9 x 13 ½" (33.7 x 22.9 x 34.3 cm)		
Weight	1.4 lb (0.64 kg)		
Shipping Weight	3.0 lb (1.36 kg)		
Ports	RJ45 for proprietary OutBack HUB communication (x1), RJ45 Ethernet port (x1)		
Nonvolatile Memory	64 Mb (for internal data logs and MATE3s configuration settings)		
Interface Display	Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)		
Control Keypad	4 soft keys, 6 hot keys 4 navigation keys, 1 control wheel with Enter button		
Status Indicators	9 LED indicators		
Battery (for real-time clock and internal memory)	CR2032		
Communication Protocol	Proprietary OutBack network		
Interconnection Cabling Standard	Category 5 OutBack proprietary		
PC Interface	Category 5		
Environmental Rating	Indoor only		
Warranty	5-year standard		
Regulatory			
Emissions	Indoor only		
Listings	UL 1741 1st Edition; 2005 Version, CSA 107.1-01		
Compliance	CE Conformance European EN 55022 Class B		

## **Firmware Revision**

This manual applies to MATE3s System Display and Controllers with a firmware version of 001.001.xxx or higher.

# **FCC Information to the User**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device when powered by a DC source, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- \* Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- \* Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- \* Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help

ver. nelp.